



UTWIT unknown human opponents in a fantasy world adjudicated by computer. Games moderated by computer are ripe for take-off in the U.K. In May we will give you a rundown on the no-holdsbarred computer moderated games scene where you have to stay on the alert even when you're not playing!
WTITH Packman games cropping up everywhere, we felt it was time we featured one ourselves. Meteor Storm, Earth Port II, Spiderman and AntiGravity Flyer also feature in an issue packed with the best games.
TUST how far can you expand a Sinclair's memory? Who produces the top games software for it? What peripherals are available? Our May Hardcore section is given over to the possibilities of this unique machine.

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VIVE LE SINCLAIR
Dear Mr Editing-Person, I'll start by saying what a fab piece of material your mag is. Well thought-out, interesting, colourful, witty in places and highly entertaining to the last computer-packed page. Absolutely wizard and all that.

But may I outline one slight fault ... so far you have only published small. rather feeble IK Sinclair ZX81 games. I know the 2X81 cannot be described as the greatest personal computer but give it some credit, please.

If it's not too much for your megabytic brain to manage, could you print an exciting, highly interesting and graphically stunning 16 K Sinclair game which will be a credit to all ZX81 owners and will prove to other more advanced computer owners that it's more than $\alpha$ child's toy.

Everyone knocks the ZX81 but I think other computer manufacturers should follow Sinclair's example and produce a basic, low-cost and compact machine which can be expanded to be more powerful through the addition of plug-ons, like memories, keyboards, sound systems etc.
Peter Townend
Walmer,
Kent.
CLUBBING TOGETHER
Dear Sir,
We would be most obliged If you will let your readers know that a computer club has been started in the Hartlepool area, via your Mailbag pages.
The first meeting of the club was held at The Welfare Hall for the Blind, Avenue Road, Hartlepool


Do you have any views or comments on Computer \& Video Games? If so we would love to hear from you. We will also do our best to find answers to any queries you may have or solve problems you might be experiencing with your computer. Please drop us a line at: Computer \& Video Games, EMAP, Durrant House, 8 Herbal Hill, London EC1R 5JB.
on Friday, February 26.
Mr Harry Cuthbert is the acting chairman and Mr David Jones the acting sec, both can be contacted most evenings after 6.30 pm on Hartlepool 71027 or 66001.

It is hoped that anyone who has an interest in computing will join the club, non-owners are also most welcome.
David R. V. Jones, Hartlepool,
Cleveland.
IN BLACK AND WHITE
Dear Sir,
I would be grateful if you could help me with some information. All the computer chess games advertised seem to work on boards and pieces are supplied.
Have you any knowledge of a straightforward chess computer i.e. to cater for the persons like myself who already own a chess board and pieces.
Ronald Whiteside,
Lisnasharragh,
Belfast
Editor's reply: The only computerised chess game on the market which you can use your own chess board and pieces with is made by Ace of Wembley. The actual computer looks very like $\alpha$ pocket
calculator and the moves made are displayed on a small L.C.D. screen. You just position your pieces accordingly. It's official name is Acetronic Electronic Chess and costs $£ 24.95$ from Ace distributors. For a full list of dealers contact Ace at 3 Fulton Road. Wembley Park, Middlesex.
GETTING IT TAPED
Dear Sir,
I want to use a Sinclair pre-recorded tape on my Sharp MZ-80K computer. As the Sinclair ZX81's are simple machines I thought it would accept it, but it wouldn't load.

Could you tell me if it is possible to load these cassettes on to my machine and what I should do to make it work?

I look forward to the next issue of your magazine and hope you don't forget the Sharp MZ-80K.
P. Alsen,

Stockton Lame,
York
Editor's reply: First the good news Mr Alsen, we will continue to feature the Sharp MZ-80K in the magazine. Now the bad news. You can only use cassettes which contain programs specially written for the Sharp with an MZ-80K. There is no way to

convert your Sinclair tape to load. so I'm afraid you will have to either buy a Sharp games tape from a supplier or have $\alpha$ go at writing your own games.
CHEAP AND CHEERFUL
Dear Sir.
I am in the process of purchasing a Sinclair ZX81 and would like to know whether or not a cheaper 16 K RAM is available for it other than the Sinclair one?
I would also like to know if 16 K is the limit of the ZX81's memory? If not, I'd like some details please.
I own a JVC T.V. cassette radio set and could you tell me if I can use it in conjunction with the ZX81 for the T.V. and cassette facilities? I would also like to know if the ZX81 can have sound facilities.
V. Buchanan

Dollar,
Scotland.
Editor's reply: There are a couple of firms who supply 16K RAM packs for the Sinclair ZX81 which cost less than Sinclair's own version. These are: Audio Computers of Southend-on-Sed which costs £33. Byg Byte of Petersfield, Hampshire which sells one for $£ 42,95$.
Expansion boards are available for the ZX81 right up to 128K. Audio
Computers is the firm selling that, and smaller memory boards: $32 \mathrm{~K}, £ 45$ : 64K, £73; 128K, £123.
I'm afraid that your JVC is not one of the cassette recorders Sinclair Research recommends. I suggest you write to Sinclair and they will give you $\alpha$ full list of ZX81 compatible cassette recorders.

Alternatively, you could wait until we publish our next issue (May) when we will be featuring the ZX81 in our Hardcore pages giving details of peripherals available.

# ZX 80/81 HARDWARE/SOFTWARE 

## ZX KEYBOARD

Now with Repeat Key
A full size keyboard for the 80/81. The keyboard has all the 80/81 functions on the keys, and will greatly increase your programming speed. It is fitted with push type keys as in larger computers.
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$\square$
The dK Graphic module is our latest ZX81 accessory. This module, unlike most other accessories fits neatly inside your computer under the keyboard. The module comes ready built, fully tested and complete with a 4 K graphic ROM. This will give you 448 extra pre-programmed graphics, your normal graphic set contains 64. This means that you now have 512 graphics and with there inverse 1024. This now turns the 81 into a very powerful computer, with a graphic set rarely found on larger more expensive machines. In the ROM are lower case letters, bombs, bullets, rockets, tanks, a complete set of invaders graphics and that only accounts for about 50 of them, there are still about 400 left (that may give you an idea as to the scope of the new ROM). However, the module does not finish there; it also has a spare holder on the board which will accept a further 4 K of ROM/RAM. IT NEEDS NO EXTRA POWER AND WORKS FROM YOUR NORMAL POWER SUPPLY. £27.95

## RAM 80/81

## 16K RAM

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2K \& 4K RAM
Static Ram memory expansion for the 80/81. They both work with onboard Ram i.e. 4 K plus onboard $=5 \mathrm{~K}$. This is the cheapest small memory expansion available anywhere. 2 K RAM £14.95. 4K RAM $£ 19.95$

## 16K 81 SOFTWARE

As seen at the ZX Microfair.
DEFLEX This totally new and very addictive game, which was highly acclaimed at the Microfair, uses fast moving graphics to provide a challenge requiring not only quick reaction, but also clever thinking. One and two player versions on same cassette. $£ 3.95$ 3D/3D LABYRINTH You have all seen 3D Labyrinth games, but this goes one stage beyond; you must manoeuvre within a cubic maze and contend with corridors which may go left/right/up/down. Full size 3D graphical representation. £3.95
CENTIPEDE. This is the first implementation of the popular arcade game on any micro anywhere. Never mind your invaders, etc., this is positively shining, the speed at which this runs makes ZX invaders look like a game of simple snap. $£ 4.95$.
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## THE SEARCH <br> FOR SPEED

Dear Sir,
Congratulations for a new, excellent and very different magazine. The series on writing Adventure type games is superb and Round the Horn was the best program I've ever seen published for TRS-80.
I know you're more of a software magazine, but as yours is the only mag I buy regularly (grovel, grovel) I would like to ask a hardware question; I know the clock in the TRS-80 can be speeded up, but I'm not sure how and what components have to be bought. Could you tell me how or suggest where $\alpha$ kit can be bought? I want it switchable between old and new speeds for purpose of tape transfer. My set-up is TRS-80 Model 1 Level 1116 K with cassette and Aculab.
C. Bennett

Bamkin-of-Craigs,
Dumfries.
Editor's reply: According to Martin Soble of Tandy Corporation's merchandising department, it is possible to increase the speed of the microprocessor in your computer itself but he does not recommend doing so. He told Computer and Video Games that a couple of amall dealers sell kits to carry this out, but he likened it to doing a "hot rod" conversion on a car. It goes faster but wears it out more quickly.

So if you want your TRS-80 to last, take Martin Soble's advice, you will be better off in the long run.

## NIBBLERS <br> NIGGLE...

Dear Sir,
Having tried out the Nibblers program in the first edition of Computer and Video Games, I found that I could not fire missiles or drop bombs on the Nibblers. I am new to computers and so would not know where to start
looking for the fault. My friend's father, who deals in computers, was also puzzled by this. I would be very pleased if you could assist me to solve the problem.
E. Bryant,

Haxby,
York.
Paul Jay replies: There is, in fact. no fault in the Nibblers program. The trouble is that you have got an old PET.

Many of the memory locations have been changed since the original machine came out. The location that has been changed in this particular program is 151. When the machine looks at this part of memory, it can tell if a key is being pressed down. All you have to do to make the game work is to change the 151 which appears twice, to a 515 . This will also be necessary if you want other PET programs to run on old machines. For example Dragon Druggin'.

## THE RICHT CONNECTIONS

Dear Sir,
I have recently acquired a VIC-20 and after hearing from a friend about a connection to fit a normal tape recorder to it. I decided not to buy the $£ 40$ plus, special tape recorder I asked in the shop my friend told me about and they said they were expecting some in soon. Impatiently I asked at another shop and they didn't know anything about it. Is the connection made by Commodore or by another firm? Nadeem Farugue Newton-with-Scales, Lancashire.

Editor's reply: A firm called Stack of Liverpool is in the process of bringing out an adaptor designed to link up a normal cassette recorder with the VIC-20, but has not yet brought it out.

But according to one of Commodore Business Machine's technical
experts the adaptor, which is expected to cost between £5 and £10, is only worthwhile if you have relatively small amounts of data to store if you can't afford the price of $\alpha$ Commodore recorder.
Commodore's expert did scy that the quality of material stored using this adaptor would not be as good as a Commodore compatible because normal recorders record audio signals rather than NRZI signals - the method used to record computer signals.

Commodore itself does not make an adaptor to convert a normal recorder for use with the VIC-20.

## SYSTEMS ANALYSIS

Dear Sir,
As the proud owner of $\alpha$ ZX81, I would greatly like to expand it in all directions. However, the proliferation of add-ons, software and books too numerous to mention have reduced me to gibbering lunacy!
I would like to know how
far it is possible to enlarge the system capacity and capability. If the ZX81 possibilities are limited without major surgeryl then I would seriously have to consider another system. I was horrified to see no less than 49 Sinclair ZX80/81's for sale on the transaction page of another magazine. Could it be that other ZX owners are losing heart? HelpII!

Who makes the 64K RAM slot-in mentioned in your January issue?
Chris Wilkes
Harefield,
Middlesex.

Editor's reply: You can enlarge the ZX81 up to 128 K memory using a range of expansion boards. Audio Computers is the firm to contact at 87 Bournemouth Park Road.
Southend-on-Sec.

## Here is $\alpha$ list of prices:

| 16 K | $£ 33$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 32 K | $£ 45$ |
| 64 K | $£ 73$ |
| 128 K | $£ 123$ |

Audio Computers will be happy to give you further details of goods available for the ZX81 if you get in touch with them.



The octagon puzzle which featured on the cover of our first issue, certainly set your greymatter alight.

Over 700 entries of programs to solve the puzzle by computer, deluged our office and caught us quite unawares.

Whittling down all the entries was a long and difficult task for our judges but they have finally come up with the three best entries.

To give everybody a fair chance we laid down $a$ set of criteria for the judges to use as a guideline in making their comments. Entrants could score a possible total of 45 points for the programs submitted, but no-one managed a $100 \%$ score.

The most important aspects of the judging were on the standard of programming. Exactly how concise the programming was and whether it contained unnecessary frills into the entry.

Another important factor in judging was the speed each program took to find the solution. Highest marks went to those whose programs found the solution quickest. Further points were awarded if it proved there was only one solution.

The three to emerge as winners are Gorden Bennett of Hampshire, Adrian Womack of Doncaster, and Christopher Holt
of Gravesend.
Gordon achieved the highest score of 43, Adrian got a close 41 and several reached the 40 mark. Our judges finally selected Christopher Holt's entry as the third winner because it was the best presented of the three tying programs.
Congratulations to the three final winners and our commiserations go to the other unlucky hundreds who entered.

The winning program by Gordon was written for a Microtan 65 computer and earned high points beccuuse of its simplicity of execution and accuracy in programming. With his program listing he submitted documentation but none of it was in-depth details about converting symbols to numbers or letters. You also didn't have to sit and wait for a long time for the program to do something, which was a common complaint.

Another interesting feature of this program was that instructions were explained in the program itself, making it easy to use. The solution was found in one minute 44 seconds.

The other two winning programs were of an equally good standard of programming finding the solutions quickly. But they fell down on other points, particularly presentation. They were written for a Sinclair ZX81 and an Acorn Atom.

Three VIC computers will be winging their way towards the winners as soon as possible. We wish the winners hours of happy programming and also offer our thanks to the many judges for their time and effort.

## BRAINWARE ANSWERS

The answer to our March Mind Routines problem is that there are 34 prime numbers. The highest is 95731 and the lowest is 13497. The total of the 34 prime numbers is 1842502.

The correct solution to last month's Nevera Crossword is printed right and the winners' names will be published in next month's issue.

For more puzzles to tax your mind turn to page 83 where you will find this month's problems.

## confessions of a Bug

 Just in case any of you out there weren't appreciating the work which we Bugs are putting in behind the scenes here, I've persuaded the editor to give me my own column to explain.Changing Hearts in the March issue was one of our biggest successes - made all the more so by the fact that many readers managed to enter it first time.

The listing itself was error-free but two all-important commas went missing from the accompanying write-up. Line 40 in the write up should read: $\mathbf{G} \$=$ " $A B D E, A B C, ., B C E F$, ADG, ,BDEFHCFI, ,DEGH,GHI,.EFHI,"

Alien Hunt in the February issue also caused some problems for readers whose Acorn Atom did not have sufficient of the necessary memory to run it. Unfortunately author John Kirk was all too quick to their rescue, suggesting that they remove instructions subroutine in line 1 and lines 32000 to 32111.
T. Hitch was put to work at the printers to give Dogfight fans a little extra workout on the Apple in the February issue. He transposed lines 1160 to 1190 out of position, which itself would have been easily righted, but then he cunningly continued with:

## ITS"; M(2);"MISSILES"

which belongs to line 1309.
Screaming Foul-up did the printing run for the March issue and pulled seven lines out of the Air Attack listing. The missing lines are:
2050 LP $=0: K=0:$ GOTO 100
2100 FOR ZO =1 TO 21
2105 ZX $=Z$ Z $^{*} 41+X+1$ : POKE ZX, 28
$2110 \mathrm{BN}=$ PEEK $(\mathrm{ZX}+41)$ : $\mathrm{IFBN}=32$
THEN 2120
2115 GOTO 2200
2120 POKE ZX, 32: NEXT ZO
$2330508959 / \mathrm{S}$



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$(12 \mathrm{~K}+\mathrm{Fl} \cdot \mathrm{PI})$
Turn your ATOM into a telescope Viow the stars from any point in the N. Hemephere. 443 stars in 50 con: Stellations instantly plotied coanst the night sky. Zoom in B out, tase g lower anole, rotate clockwice G anti-clockwite


A packed 4 K EPROM (fits Utidy Socket) containing: 1200 BAUD CASSETTE OPERATING SYSTEM Visible Load and Save routine

PLUS -TRACE(X)

- controlled execution, line no. display

STEP

- single step execution

FIND - any string of chars. in program
VAR $\quad-$ ist variaties
LVAR - print variables
AUTO $X, Y \quad$ - automatic line numbering \{any start, any step)
RENUMBER $X, Y$ - any start, any step
DELETE $X$ to $Y$ - any range to line nos.
"VA chip required) HEX - Hex and ASCII Dump IHEX - Hex Dump in Instruction format

PLUS Additional BASIC statements
READ, DATA \& RESTORE
KEY $X \quad$ - scans keyboard-input to variable
INKEY $\$ X$ - scans keyboard-input to string variable IF...THEN..ELSE
WHILE ENDWHILE
CURSOR X,Y - position cursor as required
ON ERROR
BEEP X,Y

- sound a note-any duration, any pitch

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## NEWPRODUCTS NEW PRODUCTS NEW PRODUCTSN



## KEEP THE ASSASSIN'S KNIFE AT BAY

Being the President of a smal state can cause you a few problems. Often your country is on the brink of civil war or revolution.

But as the head of the state your job is to ensure the smooth running of political life and aim to achieve prosperity for your people.

That's just what you have to do in Dictator, an adventure game for the ZX81 in 16 K .

The object is to prevent your people revolting. At your disposal are the army and secret police who you can use to your advantage if the threat of a coup arises.
You must be vigilant because spies may infiltrate your close knit party. Assassination attempts are regular events.
To keep the people happy you have to make the right decisions


## DICTATOR

to maintain a secure economy. If you fail unrest could mean your ultimate downfall.
An eight page instruction booklet is supplied with the cassette giving full information.
A copy of Dictator can be bought from Bug-Byte for $£ 9$.

## DEADLY BLADES IN THE NIGHT

Deadly blades flash as you relive the duelling days of the eighteenth century in a darkened dungeon.
You must kill your opponent after searching him out in Duel in the Dark, a game for one or two players.
The screen is divided into a rectangle of squares which forms your battleground. It represents a dungeon which has two windows. But you can't see anything because it's dark outside - none too helpful.
The only good thing is that your opponent faces the same handicap - he can't see you either.
Objects litter the dungeon which are hazardous but also give you clues to your opponent's whereabouts.

Both of you are given a dagger and a knife as weapons in the two player version. If it's in

## HERE'S THE LATEST IN

 BRAINWAREA band of roving aliens are scanning the universe for humanoids with the decidedly unfriendly aim of taking out their brains and replacing them with microchips. What do you mean you know someone they found alreadyl?
Your task is to defend your ship from the aliens and escape the gravity beam which has sucked your ship into the alien cruiser's flight path.
It is during a reconnaissance mission that your android Fred spots the alien ship and warns you of their intentions.

Your adventure leads you

## ADVENTURE C

through space into all sorts of hazards. You explore computer rooms, an android pleasure room. penetrate force shields and fend off laser guns.
Adventure C makes full use of the Sinclair ZX81's 16 K memory packing in as much as possible. Artic Computing in Hull is the supplier and will sell it for $£ 9$.

Artic Computing is establishing a series of adventure games which are written in-house in machine code for speed.

## MICROTANIC'S TAPE TRIO

In the last issue of Computer \& Video Games, the cassettes for Tank Raid, Six Keys of Tangrin and Tanlan Adventure were attributed to the Tangerine User Group (TUG).
In fact, these games are supplied and distributed for the Microtan 65 computer by Microtanic Software of Dulwich in London. Tanlan Adventure and Tank Raid run in 16 K and The Six Keys of Tangrin in 8K.

## DUEE IN THE DARK

single player mode the computer takes the role of a bear seeking you out.
During play you discover information about the dungeon's layout - making notes of the location of windows, doors, objects and walls.

When the crunch comes you have three methods of doing away with your opponent. Either throw the knife at him, stab him with your dagger or grab him and grapple him down.
Duel in the Dark costs E10.93 from Bexhill based Molimerx and is designed to run on a TRS-80 level II.

## FACING THE GALACTIC WAR FLEET

## SPACE FIGHTER

Alone in deepest, darkest space you come face to face with a horribly beweaponed and decidedly unfriendly galactic war fleet.
With the stars your only company your mission is to find and destroy five enemy fighter craft. They patrol different sectors of the sky and when they are within range you line them up in your sights and blast them. Your armament consists of laser guns which instantly reduce the enemy ship to fragments of space dust.

The fighters are equipped with missiles and can return rapid fire at your ship so you have to avoid destruction.

Space Fighter is a re-vamped version of the original game and now runs on a TRS-80 Colour Computer. Molimerx, the supplier, claims the game lends itself to colour graphics which make it more realistic.

You need joysticks and 16 K memory as well as $£ 10.06$ to get the game up and running.

JEWPRODUCTSNEWPRODUCTSNEW/PRODUCTSNE
$\qquad$


CASSETTE TWO
A BUMPER PACKAGE OF 10
A bumper package of games to jolt your brain into action comes in the shape of this tape for the Z $\times 81$.

There are 10 games; Othello, Awari, Laser Bases, Word Mastermind, Rectangles, Crash, Roulette, Pontoon, Penny Shoot and Gun Command.

Each of the games on the tape is explained in the accompanying leaflet plus loading instructions. You'll need a 16 K machine to run the games tape which is simply called Cassette Two.

It's the second cartridge in this range produced by Michael Orwin of Willesden, London, and sells for E5, Copies can be obtained from him by mail order.

GIVING THE CUBE A NEW DIMENSION
That most frustrating of puzzles Rubik's Cube is maintaining its popularity with the arrival of two computerised solutions.
A game to help you solve your cube on your screen without any of the thumb twiddling is now available for the Texas Instruments 99/4A computer.

Sticking to the original concept dreamed up by Rubik the game allows the player to simulate every possible rotation in order to solve the Cube. If you find it all too mind-blowing you can always save it on tape and pick up where you left off later after giving your addled brain a rest.

Another feature of the simulation enables the player to spin the cube to see the reverse sides.

But for those of you who can solve the Cube in 30 seconds flat, there's always the Quadcube.
The sinister sounding Quad-
BACKSAMMON
The joys and frustrations of Backgammon come to the small screen with this computerised version.

The game, beloved by the gambling fraternity, is well suited to computerisation and makes a capable opponent.
There are six strategies to choose from and the computer soon latches on to your attempts to defeat it.

The makers, Futura Software, claim the game has a fast response time as well as a high standard of play. When you make a move the computer brain automatically checks if it is valid.

RUBIK'S CUBE
cube has a four-by-four grid so there are even more combinations to puzzle over.

To cope with the complexity the program uses special commands allowing up to 30 moves to be stored for scrambling or unscrambling whenever the user wishes.

Work Force of Luton take the blame for any extra frustration this might cause you. And if you part with E9 you can take on the Quadcube.
THE CAMBLERS' GAME ON THE SMALL SCREEN

If it's an illegal move the computer will tell you so.

A special feature of the game is a tumbling dice effect represented by a graphics demonstration. A full instruction sheet and rules of Backgammon come with the program, which is written for the Nascom and costs £6.95 from Future Software of Chelmsford.

For the uninitiated, Backgammon is a simple race game, with two players trying to be first to move into the home section and off the board. But counters left alone can be returned to the start by an alert opponent.

MEETING METEORS HEAD-ON

Cosmic Zap is one of the latest in a batch of Sharpsoft games for the Sharp MZ80-K computer.
You are fighting against time - 10 minutes to be precise and your job is to survive an asteroid storm while destroying aliens at the same time.

Points are scored for each object you destroy and there is a

COSMIC ZAP
facility for the five top scorers to be put into the memory.
The asteroids can be deceivingly menacing. Without warning the aliens you think you are ramming, fly into your flight path and on face transforms into one
of the deadly asteroids.
Another feature of the game is the mother ship, which makes an appearance after 10 minutes of the game. The mother ship could be your saviour because it has a device which your ship can use for docking purposes.

Cosmic Zap is on sale from London based Sharpsoft for $£ 5.85$.


# THE VIC NEEDS VIC <br> <br> REVEALED 

 <br> <br> REVEALED}

# THE DEFINITIVE REFERENCE BOOK ON THE VIC SYSTEM FROM NICK HAMPSHIRE 

Now available. Price $£ 10.00$ from Commodore dealers and bookshops. Nick Hampshire Publications, P.O. Box 13, Lysander Road, Yeovil, Somerset.

## VICMEN

## GHOST OF A CHANCE

VIC software is at last filtering through to owners of the longawaited machine and Bug Byte has leapt in quickly with some games.

Kicking off the range is Vicman, the VIC version of the popular arcade game Pacman. Bug Byte says this game is a very good copy of the original with lots of liftle mazemen and a "glooper" who runs around the maze devouring dots as he goes.

Fruits appear in the maze when you amass a certain number of points and large flashing dots cause the mazemen and glooper to change colour. Sometimes the mazemen are in a consumable state and it's then that they run away from the glooper ... but be careful, they may suddenly turn tail and turn in pursuit of you.

## A HARD RAIN'S GONNA FALL

A deadly rain of missiles is falling on your cities. You must save them from destruction.
The Acorn Atom version of the popular arcade game Missile Command is included on the latest Acornsoft package.
You get three ground bases to form your defence sites. Aim your fire at a marker cross which you position on the screen using any key on the keyboard. Each letter and number key has a location mapped on to the marker cross corresponding to a memory site.

You are only given three lives so you must be careful manoeuvering your glooper along the paths of the maze. If you run into a ghost, your life is lost as he gobbles you up.
When you eat one of the ghosts a pair of flashing eyes darts back to the centre of the screen. You can use either joysticks or keyboard controls to run the game, depending on your own preference.
The screen has to be cleared of all the dots to earn a new one and a new fruit to consume.
The colourful VIC is well suited to reproducing a good replica of this absorbing and addictive game.
Vicman runs on the unexpanded VIC and costs $£ 7$ from Bug Byte of Liverpool.

0 BEWARE
THE

## CRUDS!

The Kamicosmic Cruds are one of a meteor shield. Your square the most hostile species to be found in space - like Vogons except without any literary pretensions.

You only have two types of weapons to call on to defend yourself when you come across them in Outpost.

They are a propulsion unit and

## MISSIE BMSE

The cross will move to the appropriate spot that the depressed key represents. As you can guess it takes a while to work out and memorise exactly where the cross will land up.

You can also select the top or bottom area of the screen as your target area and can swap them at will by pressing the
space bar. The enemy's fire will destroy your bases if you do not stop them in mid-flight.
Missile Base forms the major game on Games Pack 11 accompanying a version of snooker and traditional dominoes. Available from Acornsoft of Cambridge for £11.50.


##   $\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{1}}}}}$ $\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{\underline{2}}}}}}$  

## BEST SALIERS THE MONSTER FROM OUTER SPACE

A bright red monster from space is still tormenting Philips G7000 owners up and down the country, causing widespread frustration and havoc.
Running riot on video screens is Space Monster, which was recently topping the sales figures for Philips. The game is a space invader spin-off, but with additions which demand some quite different tactics from the player.

The space monster itself lurks at the top of the screen behind a bank of robots which form the main part of the tentacled blob's attacking force. Each robot is equipped with a cannon from which he hurls down bombs and a shield which he can use for protection. It sounds quite impregnable but the robots' weakness is that their shields must be held to one side for them to fire.
A tank is your means of attack and defence. You have three reserves and three shields to

hide behind. Whenever the blob or his robots score a direct hit on the player's tank it turns him into a little human creature skating to find refuge behind a shield. Each time he needs another reserve tank one of the shields disappears from the screen, leaving the player more open to enemy fire. If he is hit while tankless the game ends in victory for the Space Monster.
Space Monster is the closest Philips has come to a space invaders' type game.
But it does have some innovations all of its own which make it attractive to would-be buyers.

The blob is quite obviously a thinking creature and a capable dodger of the player's missiles. It also has a mean streak which will send him hurting down from the top of the screen to finish the player off, if it senses victory much more interesting than the unthinking invaders.

The two different varieties of monster also make a change from the usual green meanies and their numerous imitations.

The Space Monster Videopac is available from G7000 stockists and costs around the $£ 15$ mark. A worthwhile alternative to the classic game.

## THINGS THAT

Atari is following the current trend of producing cartridges based on the most popular arcade games.
The latest addition to be turned into video computer system form is 1981 success story. Packman.


## GO MUNCH IN THE NIGHT

## PACKMAN

Due out in distributors' shops in April, this version sticks closely to the original concept. You operate a circular mouthopening creature which speeds along the paths of a maze, sometimes referred to as a house. Littered along the paths are small dots, each one representing points, for the hungry Packman to consume.
Other characters in the maze are ghost-like creatures which move out from a central square of the maze at regular intervals. These run around the corridors, sometimes chasing your gobbleman and sometimes with you in pursuit of them, if you have managed to eat an energy post.

Successfully chasing and munching a ghost, helps the player to score bonus points.

These are displayed on the screen where the action took place. And a fruit is displayed at the centre of the screen which can also be consumed for extra points.

With every cleared screen a new fruit from the series, which is worth more points, appears within the labyrinth.

There are three lives for your man to play with during the game, and as play progresses the number of ghosts increases, making your life more difficult. The game continues as long as you keep your lives without being devoured by the ghosts. When you clear the maze of all the dots, the screen flashes up a new one. Available from U.K. distributor Ingersoll this top of the range cartridge costs $£ 29.95$.

# SAVE THIS POOR SOUL'S NECK 

## Hanchan

Save a soul from transcending into the stratosphere simply by using your brain to unravel one word.
The game hangman which has long been a great favourite with schoolchildren has now been transferred to your video screen.

This game for the Interton VC4000 follows that old guessing game popularised years ago. The computer selects a word which the player, or players, must try and guess.

Quick thinking is also important in this game, because you must guess the right word before the man on the screen is hung. Each time you place a letter of the word incorrectly a section of a hanging platform and its scaffolding is added. Before you know it the entire frame of the scaffold has been erected in front of your eyes. The next stage is the completion of the victim's body itself.
Whenever you make a mistake in the formation of the word one limb of the convict is added.

The game ends either whien you have guessed the word correctly, in which case you emerge as the winner. Or, if you can't unravel the hidden word the poor unsuspecting victim meets a very untimely and unpleasant death.
Hangman is written in a 4 K ROM cartridge and is produced by Hanimex for Interton. It is available through the firm's UK dealers ranging from Asda Supermarkets to high street specialist shops. Hangman's retail price is listed at $£ 22.95$.

## BAFFLED BY THE BLACK AND WHITES

BRGKEAMMON, GHECKERR

Two traditional board game favourites have been given a new lease of life through the video medium.
Checkers and backgammon have been transferred to the television set via the Interton VC4000 Video Computer system for enthusiasts who cannot always find human opponents to play against.
Both are easy boards for the computer to display and combine simple rules with plenty of scope for tactical play so the computer makes a worthwhile opponent, even it if it will have a tendency to play safe.

Checkers or draughts as it is commonly known, is displayed as a board and pieces and there is no deviation from the traditional rules. You can play either black or white - black goes first - and then try to out-think your computer opponent. Be wary of the computer ifit appears to be offering up a sacrifice - it probably has something nasty planned for you.
As usual the opening strategy determines who ends up with the most kings and that is the player who will usually win the game.
Backgammon too keeps to the traditional rules but without the gambling element, it is not as skilfull as the original. It will, however, help to sharpen up the players' skill at outmaneouvering an opponent on the board. And it will teach beginners the folly of leaving an exposed piece in a vulnerable position.
For those of you who have never played the game, it involves moving counters around the board in the opposite direction to your opponent and trying to get yours home first - but if a counter is left alone it can be captured by your opponent and returned to start.
These cartridges are available from retailers in the U.K. from specialist dealers and some large department stores. The retail price is $£ 16.95$.


## BURN UP THE CIRCUIT

Turbocharged cars are currently burning up the formula one race tracks - and now you can catch up with these high powered machines in this latest Activision game.
You are at the wheel of a highly tuned turbo race car lined up on the grid for a Grand Prix.
The circuit ahead is filled with numerous hazards which you must overcome with expert control of the Atari joysticks. Apart from avoiding other vehicles watch out for oil slicks. If you drive over them you're taking a risk and it could cause a multiple pile-up.
Manoeuvring the car round the circuit is tricky. Not only are there sharp bends to contend with, but you also have to drive your car over narrow bridges.
The race is run against the clock which means you must

## GRAND PREK

combine speed with safe driving to come out on top.
Grand Prix is produced by Activision for the Atari Video Computer System and has good graphics and sound effects making the game more realistic. It sells for the standard price of £14.95.

- Philips' new concept in video games combining a television adventure with an actual playing board is to be unveiled this month.

Quest for the Rings, which featured in our March issue, is scheduled to be on distributors' shop shelves in April. A price is still to be decided but it is likely to be more expensive than the standard Philips Videopac price (£14.95).

## TAKE THE TRENCH TO DARTH'S STAR

## STAR STRIKE

Relive the final conflict of Star Wars against the Empire's Death Star when failure means vour planet's destruction.

Take the role of Luke Skywalker on his do-or-die mission to blow up Darth Vader's giant man-made planet. In Star Strike you have to guide your Star Cruiser through space, dodging enemy space fighters as you travel to the Death Star.

Missiles whistle past you and you must retaliate with the deadly laser guns positioned on your star cruiser. If you successfully navigate through the space hazards and reach the narrow trench, which you must fly along to destroy Darth Vader.

Expert flying skills are vital for success because the trench is lined with obstacles and filled with enemy fire. Use your photon torpedoes and maneouvre your ship away from the attacking crossfire like laser posts positioned on the walls and floor.
Judge the distance from your ship to the trench carefully and when you approach the last few miles focus your sights on that single exhaust vent - the only weak spot in the trench.
If you've got an Intellivision, Star Strike is available from stockists now, the price is £19.95. Intellivision owners can also subscribe to a new newsletter produced by Advanced Consumer Electronics, which gives details of the latest cartridges and new developments planned for the Intellivision and Acetronic MPU1000.


## SOFTWARE

 VIMENA full-feature version of the popular "Puckman" arcade game or the UNEXPANDED VIC. Written entirely in machine code for fast action
SUPPLIED ON CASSETTE at $[7.00$


## VICGAMMON

Standard Backgammon game for the VIC with 3K expansion. Rapid computer responses. instructions on how to play are included

SUPPLIED ON CASSETTE at 97.00


More VIC software will be available by the time you read this Phone 051-227 2642 for details. Generous DEALER OISCOUNTS available - phone Dave on 051.2272299 for details

DICTATOR
Another great adventure game from Bug-byte for the 16K ZX81. This time you are the president of a small state. The object of the game is to avoid revolution, escape assassination attempts, and maintain your popularity while managing the secret police and army, and maintaining a secure economy. This is a very complex simulation, utilising the whole 16 KK , and the cassette comes with an 8 -page booklet giving full instructions and hints on how to survive.
Can you stand up to the pressures of life as a dictator, and prevent unrest from spreading before it's too late?

## CONSTELLATION

Turn your $\mathbf{Z X 8 1}$ into a telescope This program will produce a simulation of the night sky as seen from any chosen point on earth at any time this century, You can point your telescope" in any direction, move it up down, left and right, zoom in or pull out, and display the stars by magnitude or constellation. PRICE 68.00

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Will a chess computer ever be able to take on a grandmaster and give him a challenging game? Well, maybe the masters of the game will become wary of the machines after reading the results of a fascinating experiment reported by grandmaster Raymond Keene in Massacre at Merano - his account of last year's world championship between Anatoly Karpov and Viktor Korchnoi.

After the match some of the positions from the eighteen games were put to Sci Sys Chess Champion Mark V, one of the strongest of the commercially available chess machines.

The results were impressive on a number of occasions the computer was able to improve on the play in the match. The following position occurred in game nine, with Korchnoi White.


Korchnoi has just played 41. Q-Nlch and Karpov now replied 41.... P-N3 and the game continued 42. Q-KB1 (forced to avoid mate on KN2), Q-B4ch; 43. K-R1, Q-Q4ch and white resigned (after 44. K-N1, R-Q8 wins the queen). This win gave Karpov a 4-1 lead - draws did not count in the match.

It is hard to imagine that Black's play can be improved here, but in the diagrammed position Chess Champion Mark V, after about 30 seconds analysis, found the improvement 41. . . . R-QB7!

This kind of move is difficult for a human player to perceive, since it pins Black's rook against his king, an action which tends to be avoided instinctively by strong players. In this case.

White again has to play 42. Q-KB1, to avoid checkmate and then 42. . . . R-B8 wins White's queen, more quickly than by the line chosen by Karpovl

In the next position, Korchnoi - Black - with very few minutes left to reach the timecontrol on move 40 had hastily moved his queen to Q4. Karpov now has 35 minutes to make his next move but - probably to keep up the pressure on Korchnoi - he replied instantly and played 40. N-B1 to save his threatened knight.


Korchnoi now played 40. B-K5! With an irrestible attack on White's king knight pawn.

Karpov piayed 41 . B-B4 and adjourned the game until the next day, but resigned without resuming - after Black's 41 . . . . BXKNP; 42. N-K3, Q-B6; 43. NxB, R-K7; 44. Q-Q1, QxBPch; 45. K-R1, QxN mate is one likely continuation.

Karpov's blunder in the diagrammed position gave Korchnoi his first win of the match.

How did Mark V handle the position? After 38 seconds' analysis, it found the far superior alternative 40 . N-K2! Now Black cannot take the knight without losing his queen and white threatens 41 . N-B4 which would fork Black's queen, rook and bishop, attack the queen pawn and defend-White's own king knight pawn.

These and other examples clearly impressed grandmaster Keene, not least because of Karpov's decisive and accurate play throughout almost all the match.

The same machine scored a further success in a challenge
contest arranged against grandmaster Dr John Nunn - an extremely strong chess-problemt solver - at the end of a recent international tournament at Brighton. Man and machine were each set slx difflcult problems, selected by the vice president of the Problem Commission of the International Chess Foundation.

One of the problems was this prize-winning composition by the Soviet problemist L. Zagorujko, which appeared in 1972.
It is White to play and mate in four moves. Nunn was unable to find the solution to this extremely difficult problem, but the Mark V did so; in fact it found three solutions - an extremely embarrassing outcome since a problem is considered spolled if there is more than one solution found.


As an indication of the complexity of this problem, the reader is invited to work out the analysis after the key move 1. R-K8!

For a computer to do this is impressive, but to find two other solutions was beyond the powers of the many problemists who have examined the position since then.

However, there is a considerable difference between analysing a problem position and playing a game.

The Mark V's achievements should not be taken to suggest that a grandmaster program is imminent, but they do show that in some areas of the game computers are already capable of more effective deep analysis than humans.


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## POLYTECHNIC OF NORTH LONDON THEATRE

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## BRIDGE

Here's how the Fidelity Bridge Challenger dealt with a recent hand encountered during match-play.
Although the Mark II Challenger has the facility of generating its own random deals it seemed more sensible to try it out on an actual hand. This way you get a human comparison as well. This was the hand, dealt at love all:

> North
> SKQ9 ${ }^{2}$
> H QJ7
> D Q107
> C 32

| West | East |
| :---: | :---: |
| S A 5 | S J 10 |
| H A 1094 | H K 6 |
| D K 53 | D AJ9862 |
| CKQ64 | CAJ5 |
|  | South |
|  | H 8532 |
|  | D 4 |
|  | C 10987 |

Setting the Challenger aside for a moment, if you were a bridge player, in what contract would you like to play the East-West cards? Six Diamonds is undoubtedly the best spot.

It makes if the trumps are 2-2 or the Queen is singleton and there is the extra chance that even if a defender has started with a guarded Queen of diamonds he may have to follow to three rounds of clubs.
First Challenger was set to work with the instructions that it was playing a weak no-trump ( $13-15$ points) and that there was no opposition bidding. Its auction went:

| West | East |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 C | 1 D |
| 1 H | 1 S |
| 3 D | 4 NT |
| 5 H | 6 D |
| pass |  |

Not at all bad! The One Spade bid was 'fourth-suit forcing' in the best modern style and both halves of Challenger's split personality valued their hands well after that.
For a second run, East-West

## BY ALAN HIRON

were instructed to play a strong no-trump 16-18 points. It shouldn't have made any difference to the final contract, but:

| West | East |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 NT | 4 C |
| 4 S | 5 C |
| 5 S | 7 D |
| pass |  |

The Four Clubs bid - and indeed the Five Clubs bid were Gerber and on finding South with two Aces and two Kings North plunged on to the grand slam. It is perfectly true that if South had held DQ as well

as his other high cards he would have bid exactly the same and Seven Diamonds would have been a doddle. As things stand, it is not an outrageous contract.
The next thing to try was a little interference bidding. Suppose that over One Club North overcalls with One Spade. Should this affect things? Apparently it did for now the bidding went:

| South | West | North | East |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 C | 1 S | 2 D |
| pass | 2 NT | pass | 3 NT |
| pass | pass | pass |  |

Let us be fair. The grand slam was not too wild, the small slam distinctly better, and nine tricks in no-trumps were simple. But the difference in valuation is intriguing.

What about the play of the cards? It was in this area that

Challenger Mark I had been at its weakest, failing to draw trumps or sometimes drawing them too enthusiastically.
It had never seemed to count tricks and refrained from taking finesses that were necessary. Perhaps over-zealous advertising had suggested that Challenger played the cards well. Both large stake money matches and legal action were threatened by its detractors and certainly the play had to be tightened up.
Even now there are problems. It is extremely difficult to lay down a set of anxioms on how to plan the play of a hand - there are so many variable factors.
On the deal we have been considering Challenger had no trouble at all in its Three notrump contract. After the lead of a top spade, it cashed its nine top winners - albeit in a slightly odd order, but efficiently enough.
In the Seven Diamond contract, Challenger won the spade lead and, playing to the percentages, correctly played off DK and DA. But the Queen did not fall and the slam was doomed.
But when Six Diamonds was the final contract, things weren't so good. After taking the spade lead and trying the top trumps unsuccessfully, the normal play is to try the clubs, hoping to get the losing spade away before the defender with the Queen of diamonds can trump.
Any tournament player would see this immediately and would waste no time in trying it out. Not so Challenger, who rather weakly conceded a trump trick and so went one down without even trying the Clubs.
Perhaps he wanted to get started on the post-mortem and criticise his partner's bidding!
Incidentally, the best line of play doesn't work, but a finesse of DJ the second round of the suit would have done. Whatever Challenger's faults, he doesn't peek!

## TRS 80-GENIE SOFTWARE from the professionals



First there was Invaders, then came Asteroids, and now DEFEND!!!
Carrying on in the same tradition, Defend is a fast arcade type action game, complete with sound effects. Enemy spaceships come at you fast and furiously. If you succeed in shooting them down before they get your ships, you must still get yourself through a meteor shower (but at least they don't shoot at you) and finally, if you emerge unscathed, you must navigate a tunnel in order to get yourself completely out of danger. An enthralling game with excellent graphics, personalisation of highest scores and points bonuses. One of its best features is the "crisp" and immediate control the player has over the manoeuvreability of his ship which includes diagonal movement. Machine language, of course, for speed. A matter of taste, but we think it beats Invaders and Asteroids. Suitable for TRS-80 Models I and III and all Genie models.

Tape (16K) ........... $£ 13.00+$ V.A.T. $=£ 14.95$
Disk ........... $£ 16.00+$ V.A.T. $=£ 18.40$

# M MOLIMERX LTD A J HARDING (MOLIMERX) 



Ever since Prestel started three years ago. games have been the single most popular thing on it. That's not what it was designed for, but games are a very good way of finding out about Prestel. There are now dozens of different games, ranging from short and simple ones to fairly complex ones.

Although Prestel runs on computers, there is a vital difference between it and even the smallest micro-computer. Prestel has no processing power. It cannot perform calculations, store variables or do clever things with the display - at least, not at the moment, but it's coming. What Prestel does have is simplicity, colour and routeing. All games are therefore essentially games of choice.

The key point about Prestel is that it is a computerised information system that anyone can use. All you need is a numerical keypad, and with that you can control and drive the computer. You don't need to be an expert.

Colour is a very important element in Prestel - it gives it much greater impact than ordinary monochrome computer displays.

There are six colours, plus black and white. Three are the primary colours - red, blue and green. A colour T.V. screen is coated in thousands of phosphor dots which give out these colours.

If you mix the primaries, you get some surprising results red and green together produce yellow. Blue and green become cyan - light blue - and red and blue is magenta. Mix all three primaries together to get white.

If that puzzles you, think what would happen if you could shine all the colours of the rainbow back through a prism. You would not get a muddy brown colour, but vivid white. It's the same on a T.V. screen.

Routeing is the secret weapon in Prestel. Each page on a T.V. screen has an invisible "back" side to it, with various bits of information on it.

The most important thing after the page number - is $\alpha$ list


## By Peter Inton

of other page numbers - up to 10 of them. Suppose you are on page 12345, and number three on the routeing list is 7654321.

If you press three, the Prestel computer is programmed to search that list for number three, and pick out that new page.

Then it searches for that particular page among the 200,000 stored on every Prestel computer, and sends it back down the phone line to your set. The amazing thing is that all that takes only $\alpha$ fraction of a second. And it can be repeated as many times as you like. It is as if you had a filing cabinet from which you could extract a sheet of paper in an instant - and that sheet could call up further sheets just as fast.

This facility presents great opportunities and challenges for Prestel designers. Effectively it means that you must think in ten-dimensional terms.

Any page can lead to any of ten other pages, which in turn can lead to ten further pages, and so on, for ever. It is almost impossible to put that down on paper, which is only twodimensional, and things like flowcharts are usually little help.

A Prestel designer therefore has to visualise a logical path
through a maze of information and allow for all the alternatives.

It can get pretty mindboggling at times, but it does provide a useful mechanism for games. It means you can provide a range of simple choices. All the player then has to do is to key the number of his choice, and this calls up the result with a new set of choices.

A good example is a game called Superbike on 4782111 (pictured above). You are racing ex-world champion bike racer Barry Sheene, and you have to make a constant series of choices, whether to overtake him on the inside or outside.

This routeing structure is the basic mechanism of almost every Prestel game, and a look through the games index shows the ingenuity that's gone into devising variations.

By providing a steady series of choices, it can provide a large combination of different possibilities. The catch is that if you play the game again, you get the same choices. There is no randomising element.

Another catch with designing a Prestel game is that you need to provide for every conceivable possibility, otherwise some players are going to get stuck. That can involve large numbers of Prestel pages for games where there are many choices. Think, for instance, how many different variations there can be in Noughts and Crosses. On Prestel that requires several hundred pages!

Prestel games are not as "intelligent" as most microcomputer games. But there are dozens to try, and new ones being devised all the time. Now that you know how they work, you'll enjoy them even more!

# |||||||||||||| WARFARE IN PERSPECTIVE 

## TIPS ON BATTLE ZONE

Patience is not usually demanded of arcade players, who are happier feverishly pushing buttons to destroy as much as possible before the next missile with their name written on it, homes in.
Battle Zone a unique game. where the player is encouraged to manoeuvre until the right opening to hit back comes along.
The game simulates tank warfare giving a view from inside the tank. Tank controls are also faithfully duplicated with two levers which can be pushed into forward or reverse position simulating the two tracks of the tank.

Beginners quickly learn that pushing both levers forward sends their tank off in that direction, while pulling them back sends the machine into reverse. With one at full reverse and one at full forward the tank turns quickly on the spot.
But even with a good shooting eye, this knowledge is not enough to help a player survive for long. As turrets swivel in your direction, the best tactic is to go off diagonally to escape.

This is achieved by pushing one lever hard forward and the other only halfway forward. The enemy's shells will fall just behind you. When you have gone right past the tank, check the radar to see the enemy's position behind you. Then reverse hard until it appears on the screen quite close up and turn on the spot. You will have two chances to get in a shot before the tank is in a position to fire at you again.
If you miss with both, then repeat the tactics. One danger is that you may run into the enemy as you reverse and then you will be helpless but the radar check should prevent this.
After 30,000 has been scored, the super tanks are unleashed, these turn much faster but the same tactics work, although you will only have time for one shot.
Among the other inhabitants of this machine is a flying saucer which flies swiftly along the back

of the plain. These are well worth hitting if they pass in front of you ( 5,000 points) but it can be lethal to chase them, even though they don't fire back, as a tank may use this opportunity to creep up on you.
With the missiles, which fly towards you from the back of the screen, it is possible to increase your chance of hitting them by going into full reverse and waiting until they get up really close.
It is also possible to put an obstacle between you and the missile which will cause it to miss but it will come back to try again - be ready for it.
A good player uses the radar to place tanks as half of them will materialise behind you. Scoring 150,000 will give the player a 15/20 minute game but beginners should watch for games which offer extra tanks for your money. to learn on. Our thanks go to Simon Eyre of Waterlooville, in

## Hants, for the tips.

## THE RECORD BREAKERS

Breaking new ground on arcade machines is turning into an endurance test as much as it is a test of skill.

This is proved by the fact that four students from Kent University are planning to spend eight days at the controls of an asteroids machine to put their names in the record books.

David Birkett, David Hill, Tony Thomas and Alan Tilling are the four whose endurance will be tested in shifts on the university's machine in Canterbury. As this issue goes to press the university's rag week will be taking place around the four of them as they attempt to return an unbeaten score of 100 million.

If, their attempt succeeds it will leave the present world record for dead. Atari, which manufactures the Asteroids machines, monitors the world
record and it presently stands at $30,100,000$, knocked up in 50 hours by a New Yorker.
David Birkett claims all four Kent players have previously been over the million mark: " have scored five million in a double game which lasted eight hours and we were left with 113 bases.
"We will have no shortage of people willing to invigilate the attempt as we are being sponsored for the rag week charity and any money we make will be going to spina bifida sufferers.

Are you record-breaking material? From our next issue we will publish some of the best scores we have heard of on popular arcade machines to give top scorers something to aim at. If you can beat our highest scores and are willing to prove it, please write and let us know.

## THE ART OF ROCK BASHING

After Asteroids, came Asteroids De Luxe and now Space Duel continues Atari's efforts to turn rock-bashing into a fine art.

Space Duel's asteroids are far from featureless chunks of space debris though. They come in a multitude of different colours and whirl through space, breaking up


## SPACE DUZ

under fire into smaller segments of themselves. Alien spacecraft still frequent the pathways between them and your craft is still equipped with shields to protect itself from rogue meteors.

But the most interesting feature of Space duel is that two people can play at once. It is possible for both to take to the screen as enemies and go individually for a high score, or play as a team to knock out as many asteroids screens as possible between the two of you.

A further break with tradition is that the two spaceships can team up to give real fire-power. A chain is tied between the two
and they move around the screen in tandem, firing independently. but moving as one.

This takes some getting used to and teamwork is very important when moving out of the way of an oncoming asteroid. One craft can pull the other out of harm's way, but if both try to go in different directions at once, the meteors will come out on top.
The advantage is the increased fire power which can blast an asteroid out of harm's way very quickly.
When both craft are on the screen at once, a good player can help a beginner to pull through as the game continues until both have lost the required number of lives.

## $\sqrt{1}$ HERO WITH A YELLOW STREAK

## AMIDAR

The Amidar may look like cuddly toys but their touch is deadly.

The game which is named after these creatures combines the fashionable arcade themes of maze chase and space capture.

In Amidar, you take the part of a gorilla, who swings around the screen on blue bars which are covered in white fruits. As he moves along the bars he clears them of white fruits. If all four sides of a square all cleared the centre is filled in red and gradually the screen becomes a patchwork of red rectangles.

There are seven Amidars on the screen. One runs around the outside four corners and the other six move up and down always turning the nearest comer. These creatures are not as intelligent as the Puckman "ghosts" when it comes to hunt ing down their prey.

All the dots must be erased to clear the screen and start on the second area of the game. This time-a framework of red lines comes up on the screen and the player is transformed into a paint roller. The Amidars, which resemble toy cats, still undertake their regular patrols of the screen.

The aim on this screen is to use your paintbrush to pick up a yellow streak at the bottom of the screen and extend it. With the Amidars making life as hard as possible you first have to run the yellow around the border of the nearest rectangle, filling it in with a bright green and pocketing the bonus score which the space previously featured.

From this start it is possible to fill in the entire screen, with the really big bonus scores waiting for you at the top.

It is important to keep a cool head as the Amidar are quite capable of turning away from you even when they seem to have you surrounded. Just keep a check on where the next corner comes up and be sure that they will turn down it.


1
 -

$\mathbb{N}$EXPLORE THIS OH-SO LENGTHY TOMB

The treasure of the Pharaoh's tomb is awesome - but so are the creatures that guard it!
The Earl of Carmarthen's expedition into the mysterious depths of King Tut's famous pyramid proved hazardous - but arcade players have to face even more terrors.
The explorer who braves this video pyramid resembles a cartoon prospector character complete with a bushy white moustache and with tools strapped to his back.

This treasure hunter is also armed, which is just as well because he will have to face a horde of guardian creatures in this tomb.

## LADYBUG

Any gardener will tell you that ladybirds are a force for good on the rosebushes.
They are now also undertaking heroic feats in the arcade in a new maze game.

The player takes the part of the ladybug, which also gives its name to the machine, and sets off on a spot consuming trip around the maze.
In this game the spots are few and far between and the pursuers are in the form of large blue beetles which try to corner your rampaging insect.

But you do have one big advantage over your adversaries, your ladybird can walk through the maze walls, as these are hinged doors which the creature can push open.
As one way opens another is inevitably closed as the door swings around in $90^{\circ}$ to seal a different passage. The blue beetles cannot pass through the doors.
The good player will plan to block off the beetles completely, surrounding them within four doors and leaving them helpless.

This motley crew of monsters include a mummy and a cobra as well as some less explicable dungeon denizens. Their touch is deadly.
The labyrinth which leads to the treasure is long and tortuous.

## LADYBIRD KNOCKS OFF THE SPOTS

These blue beetles appear rather slow and cumbersome and even a beginner has a chance of doing well against them. But these are later replaced by some faster pink beeties who track down the ladybirds much more swiftly.

An interesting game for the beginner but the controls for the ladybird are not designed for fluid movement which can result in frustration when they do not respond quickly enough.

## TUTANKHAMUN

The monsters hunt in a pack some trying to get in behind you and others trying to draw your fire before leaping into some half forgotten recess.

Your explorer has a limited amount of ammunition in his weapon which occasionally needs replenishing. But his main deficiency is that he can only fire horizontally and is in real danger if he ever gets trapped in a vertical part of the maze.

To help him avoid this happening the top of the game screen offers a "radar" display of the whole maze. On this the monsters can be seen as white blobs, converging on you from the far end of the maze.

Although it doesn't help you much in dodging the advancing horrors, it does prepare you for their charge so you can ensure a long horizontal passage stands between you and them.

You have three lives to try and make it to the treasure but they are not nearly enough especially since, you are returned to the beginning of the tomb each time the monsters catch you.
The biggest danger among the first batch of creatures is the sarcophagus-like being which is invulnerable to your fire - or so he seems at first. In fact a sequence of three hits will make him turn away and rethink his avenue of attack


The Sinclair ZX81 has a real poker face - it gives nothing away about its hand. No beads of sweat will form on its keyboard if it's bluffing on a Jack high and you won't notice its RAM-pack trembling with excitement if it holds a full house. In draw poker, claim the best players, the early part of the game is all mathematical odds and the final betting is all down to psychology. This program will hardly give the ZX81 a believable personality but it will help the uninitiated learn how to play poker hands and how much to gamble on them. The ZX81 deals out two poker hands, one to itself and one to its opponent, you. After a quick look at the pos-
sibilities of your hand, you must key-in how much money you are willing to gamble on drawing the right cards against the ZX81's hand. The ZX81 will always cover your bet and often give you odds if it thinks you have made a rash decision. Then after you have changed your hand in search of that elusive full-house, the ZX81 does the same and it's winner takes all. Not quite Cincinnati Kid stuff but it will give a good understanding of the game and show why experienced gamblers never draw to an inside straight. After all everybody
should know how to play poker, if only to help them understand why the west was as wild as it was.



# ZX81 <br> <br> USERS 

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CET $U=9$
GOSUB 6000
1010 REM ANALYSE HANDS
FOR $D=1$ TO 2
1020 GOSUB 2000
1025 GOSUE 2070
1030 NEXT D
1349 GOTO 21.45
2000 REM SORT HAND D
2010 FOR $F=1$ TO $\frac{1}{2}$
2020 FOR T＝1 TO 4
2036 IF $H(T, D)>H(T+1, D)$ THEN GOS
UB 3000
2040 NEXT T
2050 NEXT F
2065 RETURN
2670 REM ANALYSE HAND D
2096 LET $\times(D)=0$
2085 LEI $Q=0$
2090 LET $G=0$
2091
FOR $I=1$ TO 5
2091 FOR $I=1, \operatorname{TO} 5(H(I, D) / 10 \theta)$
2093 LET TEMP＝H（I，D）
2094 LET $H\{T, D)=T N T \quad(H(T, D) / 109)$
2095 LET $Q=0+10+T E H P-H(I, D)+10$
2097 NEXT I
2109 FOR $C=1$ TO 9
2110 GOSUE（3000＋ $\mathrm{C}+100$ ）
212 IF $\times(D)<>Q$ THEN LET $C=9$
$\frac{2130}{2135}$ NEXT C
2135 LET G事＝STRSGGL G\＄（LEN Gs）
214．RETURN
2145 REH PRINT RESULTS
2145 LET $v=9$
2147 LET C＝10
2148 FOR $D=1$ TO 巳
2149 㭗XP $\times$（D）$\geqslant 9$ THEN GOTO 2154
2150 LET TEMP＝ $\mathrm{C}(5, \mathrm{D})$
2151 GOSUB 4000
2152 PRINT RT U，C；R\＄；＂HIGH＂
2153 GOTO 21.55
2154 PRIHT RT $U, C$ ；His $(X(D))$
2155 LET $u=8$
2156 LET $C=B$
2159 REM RRINT SCORE
2160 PRINT AT 16,$0 ; \cdot$
2165 PRINT AT 16,9 ；
$2270 \times \frac{T F}{} \times(1) 3 \times(2) \quad O R \quad(Y(1)<Y(2)$ AND $x(1)=x(2))$ THEN GOTO 2ᄅ己Q 2280 IF $X(1) \times X(2)$ OR fY（1）＞Y（2） AND $\times(1)=x(2)$ THEN GOTO 2260 2190 PRINT＂DRAW－YOUR MONEY RE TURNED
2195 LET AMT＝AMT＋STAKE
2200 00T0 2291
2230 GOTO 2838
RRRO PRTNT＊YOU LOOSE＇
2223 LET HIN＝STAKE $40(\times(2))$
22E4 LET AMT $=$ RMT－LIIN
2ออS TF AMT \＆I THEN PRTNT＊YOU HA UE RUN OUT OF MONEY：
22马7 IF AMT＜2 THEN STOP
2228 LET ODDS＝O（X（2）
2230 60T0 2280
2250 PRINT＂YOU HTN＊
2270 LET UIN＝STAKE KO $(X(1))$
2ᄅㄱㄴ LET ODDS＝O（ $\times(2$,
2．275 LET AMT＝AMT＋LIN＋STRKE
2280 PRINT＂E．STAKE；＂RT＊；ODDS
 2R91 PRINT＊YOU＇RRE E＊；AMT；＊IN
23OQ PRINT＂ENTER Q FOR ANOTHER
238日．．
2310 INPITT $\Omega$
2320 IF $0<>\theta$ THEN STOP
2330 CL5
2340 GOTO 279
3000 REM SWRP CARDS
3001 LET F＝0
3010 LET TEMP $=H(T, D)$
3020 LET $H(T, D)=H\{T+1, D)$
3030 LET H $(T+1, D)=T E M P$
3040 RETURN
3100 REM STRAIGHT FLUSH
3101 GOSUB 3400
3110 IF $X(D)=0$ THEN RETURN
3111 LET $\times(D)=a$
3120 GOSUB 3500 THEN RETURN
3250 IF $\times(D)=0$ THEN RETURN
3150 LET $X(D)=1$
3270 LET $G=12345$

3909 FOR FOURS
321 IF $1=1$ TO ？
3210 IF $J(I)=J(I+1)$ AND $J(I+2)=J$ $(I+3)$ ARD $J(I+2)=J(I+2)$ THEN GOT 03240
3220 NEXT I
3236 RETURN
3246 LET $X(D)=R$
3256 LET $G=I+1000+(I+1)+100+(I+2$
$3+109+T+3$
RETURN
$339 \theta$ REM FULL HOUSE
3391 GOSUB 3690
3319 IF $\times(D)=6$ THEN RETURN
3311 EET $\times(D)=0$

## 3321 LET $\times(D)=0$

3330 IF TEHP $=3$ THEN LET $\times(D)=3$ 3331 IF TEMP $=3$ THEN LET $G=12345$ 3346 RETURN
3480
3401
$340 R$ FOR $I=1 \quad$ TO
3408
3403
3403 NEXT I
3404 LET $54=0$
3405 트 $85=0$
3410 FOR $I=1$ TQ 5
3420 LET $K(I)=H(I, D)-J(I) \neq 10$
3436 LET T $(K(I))=T(K(I))+1$
3446 NEXT I


3450
3450
3469 TF $T(T)=5$ THEN LET $\times(D)=4$
3465 IF $T(I)=4$ ．THEN LET $S 4=I$
3478 NEXT I
3471 TF $\times\left(D^{(D)}=4\right.$ THEN LET $G=12345$

34 E2 $I F K(I)=54$ THEN LET G5 $=05 * 1$

## $9+1$

3483 NEXT I
3434 RETURN
35＠REM STRAIGHT
3505 LET T $4=0$
3510 IF $\backslash(1)+4=J(2)+3$ AND $J(3)+2$ $=J(4)+1$ AND $J(5)=U(1)+4$ AND $J(2)$
$+3=1(3)+3$ THEN LET $\times(0)=5$

LET $\times(D)=5$（ $)$（2）




STANDARD FEATURES 400/800.

- 6502 central processor unit. - 10K ROM Operating system, 8K ATARI Basic. - Four game controller sockets. - 16 colours each having 8 different luminosities. - 4 sound generators with four octave sound range plus volume and distortion Controls. - High Resolution graphics, 7 modes, highest resolution $320 \times 192$. Control for up to four disc units. Control for printers, peripherals and communication devices. - Alternative languages, e.g. MICROSOFT, PASCAL, etc. - Full screen editing. - Plugs into your own television.
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3550 IF
$(2)=3$ AND $(5)=14$ AND $(3)=4$ THEN $(1)=2$ AND RET $4=123$

IF $\times(D)=5$ THEN LET $G=12345$


3601 FOR $I=1=U(I+13$ AND $U(I)=J(I$ $+2)$ THEN GOTO 3640
3629 NEXT I
3636 RETHRN $X(D)=6$
3649 LET $X=T * 19$
$364 \theta$ LET $X(D) *=\bar{E}=I * 19 \theta+(I+1) * 10+I+2$ 3660 RETURN
3700 REM 2 PAIRS
3701 LET TEMP $=0$
3710 FOR I=1 TO 4
3720 IF $U(I)=J(I+1)$ THEN LET TEM $\mathrm{P}=$ TEMP +1
3725 IF $J(I)=J(I+1)$ THEN LET $G=G$ $3100+$ I $210+\frac{I}{2}+1$

```
3740 IF TEMP =2 THEN LET }X(D)=
3750 RETURN
```

3750 RETURN PAIR
3801 LET $Q=0$
3801
3802
301
3810
GHE
3810 IF TEMP $=1$ THEN LET $\times(D)=8$
3820 RETURN 39 RARD
3900 REM HIGH CA
3910 LET $\times(D)=9$
3920 LET G=5
3910 LET $X(D)$
3920
3930
RETURN

```
lol
4010 LET R=INT (TEMP/20)
```

4030
$\begin{array}{ll}403 \theta & \text { LET R } \$=5 \text { TRS R }\end{array}$


4080 RETURN 4 COMPUTE GARDS TO CHANGE
${ }_{4}^{42000}$ REM COMP

4240
4250
RETURI
4250 RETURN
E000 REM CHANGE CARDS E
5005


HEN LET $F=0$
HEN ${ }^{\text {L ET }}$ F $=0$
5050 NEXT
5055 THEN RETURN
5055 IF $F=6$ THEN RETURN
6060 FOR I=1 TO LEN STR B
6070 LET $N=N+1$
6075 LET $T=U A L M(I)$
6075 LET $T=U A L, M C(I) * 20+T$
6090 LET TEMP =C (N)
6100 GOSUE 4000
6110 PRINT RT (UAL (B事 (I) $)+U$ ), 10
E120.PRINT RT (UAL (E\$(I)) +U), 10
6130 NEXT I
6140 RETURN
S140 RETURN
7900
7010 REM SORT E
TH=STRS E

7930
7940
700
7

7060
7070 NEXT T
7068
7070 NEXT
7080 LET E $=$ URL B $\$$ (3 TO LEN STR
Y) 7990 RETURN
Y390 RETURN
?100 REM SLJAP NUHEERS
7105
$>110$
LET
LET
T


130
7140
RETUESN
RET
フ13e LET E E $(T+1)=T \$$
YOUR HAND:TWO PAIRS

| 1 | 5 OF HEARTS |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 7 OF CLURS |
| 3 | 5 OK OF DIAMONDS |
| 4 | 7 OF SRADES |
| 5 |  |

MY HAND: ACE HIGH

| 1 | KING OF SPADES |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 | ACE OF SPADES |
| 3 | 9 OF HEARTS |
| 4 | 3 OF HEARTS |
| 5 | URCK OF CLUBS |

YOU WIN
ESATE TO $1=830$ +
ES STAKE = E35
YOU ARE EI35 IN CREDIT
ENTER G FOR ANOTHER DEAL

共MESSAGE TO STARFIGHTER: Your mission is to destroy enemy craft and bases in this sector. Our intelligence service has been unable to obtain exact locations of these targets but your shipboard computer will aid you in the search. Your ship is armed with neutron missiles and phaser weapons. Beware of asteroid storms in your sector. GOOD LUCK.
OK space fans - the object of this game is to search and destroy targets positioned randomly around the galaxy - which in this case is represented on the screen of a 40 column PET.
The game uses the whole screen for the galaxy, which is poked into position. This allows moves and action to be displayed as and when they happen. A second screen displays the co-ordinates of targets, starfighter and starbase, plus the condition of shields, energy, weapons and the number of targets available. The starfighter which you pilot can stock up with weapons and refuel at a friendly starbase.
All major parts and sub-routines of the program are prefixed by REM statements describing their function. Other significant parts of the program are:

Line 119 - number of targets per sector. Line 125 - frequency of starbases. Line 142 - frequency of asteroid storms. Line 150 - hostility of the targets, this increases as the number of targets decrease. Line 158 - frequency with which the targets move and attack. Line 620 - frequency with which new targets enter the current sector during combat. Lines 899-910 - prevent the program crashing by loading the commands into a file.


239 REM HELM CONTROL（1）
240 GOSUB 300：GOSUB 305：GOSUB 450
245 IF PEEK $(X)<\rangle 48$ GOTO 255
246 PRINT＂＊NRTRRFIGHTER DOCKED－REFUELED AND RERRMED
$250 \mathrm{E}=2600: N=400: \mathrm{H}=8: \mathrm{S}(35)=0:$ GOTO $256 \mathrm{c} \Rightarrow \mathrm{g}$
255 IF PEEK $(X)<>32$ GOTO 240
256 POKE $S(36), 32: S(36)=\gamma:$ POKE
297 REM CO－ORDINATE SUBROUTINE

$301 \mathrm{~K}=\mathrm{X}-60$＊INT $(\mathrm{X} / 100)+32398$ ：IF $X>33767$ OR X X 2808 G0T0 300
303 RETURN
36世木EET DISTANCE SUBROUT INE


339 REM SET－UP TRRGETS SOFRCQU LEE
345 FOR $N=0$ TO $10: P O K E ~ S(N), 32 S(N E=0$ HENS
350 FOR $\mathrm{N}=0$ T0 10：IF $\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{C}$ ．THEN RETURN
360 GOSUB 700 ：NEXT
399 REM FHASER SUBROUTINE
400 IF C＜1 THEN RETURN
405 IF FEEK $(S(N))\rangle 43$ THEN RETURN

$415 \mathrm{~T}=\mathrm{T}-\mathrm{T} / \mathrm{C}: \mathrm{F}=\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{C}: G 0 S U \mathrm{~B}$ 600：RETURN
$420 \mathrm{~T}=\mathrm{T}-\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{D}: W=W-T / D: I F \mathrm{~F}<1$ GOTO 423
421 GOSUB 759：POKE X，43
423 X＝S（36）：GOSUB 750：POKE X， 87
425 IF W 00 THEN RETURN
430 GOSUB 750：POKE X，32：$W=0$


449 REM STARF IGHTER EHERGM SUBROUTIHR

$450 \mathrm{E}=\mathrm{E}-\mathrm{D}:$ IF $\mathrm{E}>31$ THEN RETGKN $\rightarrow$
455 FOR Q＝0 TO 20：FRINT＂＊A ENERGI WEVEL CRIPIGALFFEDUCE SHIELDS＂：NEXT
460 IF E＞THEN RETURN
$465 \mathrm{E}=0$ ：PRINT＂SARMISSION FAILED－STARF IGHTEPDEABIV SFRCE＂：GOTO 1000
499 REM POKE CURRENT SECTOR
505 FOR $\mathrm{N}=0$ TO 36
510 IF SCAN＝9．JHEN NEXT
515 IF $N>10$ hed $+1<35$ THEN POKE $S(N), 42$
520 IF HC11 THEN PE日GE $\mathrm{H}(\mathrm{H}), 43$
525 IF $\mathrm{N}=35$ THEN POKE $345>48$.
538 IF $N=36$ THEN POKE $S(N)>$ Gी베
535 NEXT：RETURN
599 REM TARGET DESTROYED SUBROUT
$600 \quad \mathrm{D}=5$ ： GOSUB 750：POKE $X, 32: \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}-$
605 IF C＜1 THEN RETURN
610 IF $S(35)=0$ GOTO 620
$615 \mathrm{D}=2: \mathrm{X}=5(35):$ GOSUB 750 ：FOKE $\mathrm{X}, 32: \mathrm{S}(35)$
629 IF RHD（ 1 ）＜0． 9 THEN RETURN
$525 K=K+C: C=2 * C: T=2 * T: R E T U R N$

699 REM RMNDOM POS\＆ION SUBROUTINE
$790 \mathrm{~S}(\mathrm{~N})=39858+$ INT 980 ＊RND（1））：RETURN
749 REM ANIMFI ran SUBROUTINE
750 FOR $Q=0$, TE 1 GG 0 ，POKE $X, 86$ ：POKE $X, 42$ ： $\mathrm{POKE} \times, 91$ ：NEXT：RETURN
800 PRINT＂＊
899 REM OFEN F H HE C $48 \mathrm{P} \%$ ITINE
980 OFEN 1 ， 02
305 INFUT\＃1，Q H＊FF Q $\$=$＂＂THEN 905
$310 Q=\psi / \mathrm{AL}(Q+): C L O S E 1: R E T U R H$
999 REM SCORE \＆NEW GRIE
1000 FOR $Q=0$ TO 2000 ：NEXT ：GOSUB 2000

1004 FRINT＂ 2 RHOU SCORED＂；INT（ $(5-S 0 R(K))$＊$(30-T M))$ ；＂POINTS
1005 PRINT＂烟＊PRESS RNY＇KEY FOR RNOTHER GAME＂
1010 GET Q\＆：IF Qs＝＂＂THEN 1010
1015 GOTO 90
1899 REM SCRN SUBROUTINE（2）
1900 GOSUB 2000 FRINT＂NURFRESS SPRCE BAR OR＂I＇FOR INSTRUCTIONS＂
1905 GET Q事：IF Qs＝＂＂GOTO 1920
1910 IF Q⿻⿱一⿱日一丨一力八＂I＂GOTO 1905

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piece is eliminated, column 1 is set to zero.

The board " BO ": This is a 16 by 16 array, including the zero index and is an internal representation of the map. Each indexed position is equal to one hex on the screen. Each vacant position on the screen is set to zero on the board. An occupied position contains the index of that piece in the piece table. Positions occupied by mountains contain $-1,-2$, or -3 according to the type of mountain.

Characters "PC\$". This is a 7 by 4 character string holding the shapes to be printed on the screen. The correct character is obtalned by means of its index in the second column of the piece table.

If will be apparent that, using the information in each of the arrays, we can easily move from one table to anothen There is one missing link. This is the con-
2. Turns are determined by-" 5 " in line 1000 which sets the variable 1 , to either 1 or 17 indicating the index of the first piece to be moved.
3. Gets the hex number FL, the number of moves "MV," and the character "FLS" (lines 1010, 1020).
4. Prompt for a decision by flickering "FL.\$" and "MV." (line 1030).
5. If the input is a number, check if valid and either move the piece or continue prompting. (lines 1050-1210).
6. Checks during movement (line 1065) for the winning condition.
7. Line 1075 checks "river crossing." If this is true, an extra movement factor is deducted.
8. Line 1182 checks one hex in every direction using "Search," looking for an opponent.

# - 

version from the hex number to the board coordinates which is carried out in line 2100:
$Y(1=\mid N T(P / 64)$
$X 1=(\mathrm{R}-64 \cdot Y 1) / 4$
(Where " $P$ " is the hex number).

Much of the program is concerned/with the manipulation of these arrays. It is in motion by putting the initial hex position of eaph piece in each array and then ronning through the piece table prompting for a decision on each piece in turn. Assuming the piece is on hex 400 and you type direction 6 , the program calculates the board coordinates, checks that hex 352 is vacant and, if it is, moves the piece.
If now checks the six hexes surrounding the new hex to see Whether it is next to an opponent. One side has indices 1 to 16; the other 17 to 32: So if piece 12 (less than 17) is next to piece 24 (greater than 16), an attack takes place and any further movement ceases.
The following is an outline of the movement sequence:

1. Line 200 controls the whole game. At the end of a player's turn, the program returns here and changes sides.
2. Intermingled in the coding is the Hold routine. Follow this through watching the variables " HD ," "K1," and " HL " in lines $1000,1010,1017 / 8,1047 / 8$, and 1218.
3. The "C," "S," and "F" commands are easier to follow, but note that "C" jumps immedjately to line 1300 , whereas "F" carries out a full check of pieces that have not been prompted to check for possible attacks. Since this involves checking six hexes for every piece, it is a slow process and therefore, if it can be seen that no pieces are adjacent. it is better to use "C."

Let us take stock of what we have when we finally reach line 1300 - the start of the attack sequence:

1. The board, video, and piece table have been updated in respect to all movement.
2. Mountains will have been adjusted on the board and video when they have been eaten away by the engineer.
3. Columns $3,4,5$, and 6 of the piece table contain information regarding attacks. Note that if column 4 is set to one that attack will be automatic and requires no prompting. If it is greater than 1 . then a decision is required by the player.

SEQUENCE
Lines 1305 to 1500 are a prompting routine and settle all attacks. Note that the use of the flag " 22 ". This is set to one if an attack is found. If it is zero at line 1550, it means there are no attacks and the combat sequence is finished.

Lines 1600 to 1745 are more complex. They are concerned with determining which pieces are involved in each individual combat, whether the defender has support; whether the attack is across the river; and finally selecting a random resuh from the attack table.

A defender table "DR," is set up. This holds details of each defender as it is found in the piece table (line 1620). The attacker is put in the attacker's table " 0 " (lines 1680-1690). We now go through the rest of the piece table searching for any other pieces attacking the same defender. These are added to the " 0 " table. As each is added, the attack factor "AT" is increased (and increased again if the attacker is a tank), the river crossing flag is "and" ED with "DR(3)" and columin 3 of the piece table negated so that piece cannot be involved in another attack.
Lines 1700-1710 calculate the defender's factors and go to the subroutine at $4000 / 4200$ to check for support.

Lines $1720-1240$ ealculate the
atfack ratio and find the appropriate column in the attack table from which it selects a random result. If you are like me, you probably find typing the rules is drudgery, so if you want to see the attack table, look at lines 20162-20167. Now read throught lines 40192-40415 which tell you the outcome for each value in the table.

Note the use of the flag "RV"; which indicates whether the attack is across the river. The rules state that/the defence factor is doubled unless the defender is also being attacked on the same side, of the river. Put simply, this means that if the river flags of all attackers (column 6 of the piece table) are set, then the attack is across the river. If any flag is not set then all others are nullified and the defence is not doubled. This result is very easily obtained by using the "And" instruction and what at first appears extremely complex is resolved in a single instruction!

Lines 1750 to 2500 carry out the results of the combat result " R " as follows:

## 1. Exchange:

The defender is automatically eliminated (line 24000) but a test must be made to check how many factors the atfacker had ( line 1706/7). If they were less or equal to the defender's, then elimination is automatic. Otherwise the attacker is prompted for the pieces to be eliminated.
2. Attacker Eliminated

This is automatic and all attackers are eliminated using the routine at line 25000 .
3. Defender Eliminated

This is dutomatic and the defender is eliminated $\mu$ sing the portine at line 24000.
4. Defender Retreats:

The player is prompted for the direction of retreat and a check is made for legality, If there is no retreat then an " $E$ " is typed and the piece is eliminated. The variabieil "RD" is a count of the number of hexes moved. Remember that the defender is now allowed to move next to an opponent.
5. Attacker Retreats

This is essentially the same as "Defender Retreats" except, of course, that all attackers must retreat. The program now returns to line 1600 to look for further combat. Exit back to the main routine via the return in line 1610.

The following is a list of the variables used in the program: ) "A" - direction indicator/ AS - input from keybodrd. -AD" - defender support "AF" $\begin{aligned} & \text { factors. } \\ & \text { "AJ" } \\ & \begin{array}{l}\text { piece in adion acent } \\ \text { hex. }\end{array}\end{aligned}$ "AT" - attack factors.
"AX" - "AT" plus 50\%. " B " - temporary variable. "BS" - tempprary keyboard input
"B1"- $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { piece index in } \\ & \text { adjagent hex. }\end{aligned}$
" $2_{2 "}-\quad$ used during adjagent hex.
used during. Initialisation.
"BD" "CL" internal hoard. used in calcufating attack result.
Remporary variable.
defender's factors (including support). defender pointers. déferfder's factors. used in exchange to ensurethat enough attackers ure removed.



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40015 PRIMTAI5, "OPERATINE INSTRUCTIONS: *
40020 PRINT
40025 PRIKT:PPINT'DO YOU HANT A HEI BOARD?
IT IS ADVISABLE TO PLAY ON A HEI BOARD UWTIL YOU ARE accustoned to the novenent of the pieces.
40030 PRINT*HOY MANY HOUNTAINS?
nountains create a hore interesting gane. they appear at RAKDON ON THE BOARD.
40040 PRINT'DO YOU NANT A RIVER?

- THIS OPTION IS NOT AVAILABLE ON A HEX BOARD.

40045 PRINT ${ }^{*}$ ENTER THE SCEMAR1O NUMBER
THIS EMABLES THE SAKE SCENABIO TO BE REPLAYED. ${ }^{*}$ :60SUB51000
40056 PRINT ${ }^{\text {E EACH PL PLAYER HAS } 16 \text { PIECES CONSISTINE OF: }}$
40060 PRINTTAB (15); 'MORTMIEST'; TAB (27); 'SOUTHNEST'; TAB (38) ; "MUKB ER'; TAB (46); ${ }^{\text {VALUE'; }}$; TAB(54) ; "ROVENENT"
40061 PRINT
40065 PRINT'CAPITAL'; $\operatorname{TAB}(20) ;$ PCS (7);TAB(30);PCS (7) ; TAB (40) ; 1 ;TAB (48);0; TAB (58) ; 0

40066 PRINT
40070 PRINT ${ }^{-}$EWGINEER ; TAB (20) ;PCS (1); TAB (30) ;PCS (4) ; TAB (40) ; 1 ;TA
B(48);1; $\mathrm{TAB}(58) ; 5$
40071 PRIMT
40075 PRINT'TANK'; $\mathrm{TAB}(20) ; \operatorname{PCS}(2) ; T \mathrm{TAB}(30) ; \operatorname{PCS}(5) ; \mathrm{TAB}(40) ; 6 ; \operatorname{TAB}(48$
1;2; TAB(58);5
40076 PRINT
40080 PRINT'IMFAMTRY'; TAB (20) ;PCS (3); TAB (30) ;PCS (6) ; TAB (40); $8 ; \mathrm{TA}$

## B(48); 1; TAB(58); 3

## 40081 PRINT

## 40085 PRINT ${ }^{\text {OOBNECTIVE: }}$

THE FIRST PLAYER TO ENTER HIS OPPONENT'S
CAPITAL IS THE VINMER.

## 40090 60SUB51000

40100 PRINT'MOVENENT:
the first player is ramdomly selected. IF you wish the other PLAYER TO NOVE FIRST PRESS $=\mathrm{C}=$, EACH PIECE WILL, IN TURN, FLIC kER OH THE SCREEN Showing the maximun munber of moves available. 40105 PRIMT*TO NOVE THE PIECE: PRESS DIRECTIOH 1 TO 6 ACCORDIMG TO TME FOLLONING:
40110 PRINTTAB (8); ${ }^{6}$;TAB (20); ${ }^{*}$ (THESE DIRECTIONS ARE ALS0*; iPRINTTA B(6);5;TAB(10);1;TAB(20); ${ }^{\text {USED }}$ TO ATTACK AND RETREAT)*: PRINTTAB(


40115 PRINT'IF YOU NISH TO NOVE LESS THAN THE MAIIRUM PRESS $=5$ z.
you nust stop if you nove mext to an opposing piece leicept the CAPITAL).
IT TAKES TMO MOVES TO CROSS A RIVER.
40120 60SUB51000
40125 PRINT: PRINT'KO PIECE MAY EMTER A NOUMTAIM SQUARE.
IF YOU WISH TO MOVE A PIECE IN AN ORDER DIFFERENT FROH THE ORDER FLICKERED PRESS $=H=$ AND THE TRS-80 WILL REPEAT THIS PIECE NHEN OTHER ROVERENT IS COMPLETE.
40130 Print If you determine that novenent is conplete and no fu RTHER PIECES MEED BE MOVED PRESS $=\mathrm{F}=$, YOU CAN ALSO PRESS $=\mathrm{C}=$,
this is faster but does not check for pieces still adjacent fro 4 THE LAST CORBAT. *:60SUB51000
40135 PRINT'ENGINEER
this piece is able to cut a road through nountains. there a RE THREE TYPES OF ROUKTAIM: *:PRINT:
40140 FORA $=1$ TOJ: PRINTTAB (A:16) ; A; TAB (AI $16+5$ ); MTS (A) ; :MEITA:PRINT
 :PRINT:PRINT
40145 Print* to Clear the road hove the englneer in that diree tion. A 3 nountain changes to a 2 nountain; a 2 TO A 1 and A 1 T O A blank space.
40150 Print The ensimeer stops mhen Clearing the road and the 8 EMAINDER OF HIS MOVEMEIT IS LOST. *: PRRINT: $60 S U B 51000$

## 40155 PRINT "RIVER

It costs two moves to cross a river umless there is a brid GE. Engineers may not clear a road if the river is In between. 40160 PRINT:PRINT'THE VALUE OF A DEFENDER UNDER ATTACK IS DOUBLE D If the river is between the defender and attacker uncess it is also attacked by another piece on the sane side of the river.': 60SUB51000
40165 PRINT"COMBAT:
WHEN PLayER hoves and places a piece mext to an opposimg PIECE HE NUST ATTACK. EACH ATTACKING PIECE MUST ATTACK $=0$ ME $=$ DE fender. If there is al option, the piece witl flicker with ahtw,

40167 Print the player nust indicate the direction of attack.
40170 PRINT* ALL COMBAT TAKES PLACE SIMULTANEOUSLY ON CORPLE TION OF MOVEHENT:
40175 PRINT*ATTACKER'S FACTORS: INTEEER VALUE OF $150 \%$ OF VALUE 0 F ATtACKERS.
40180 PRIKT'DEFENDER'S FACTORS: VaLUE OF DEFENDER PLUS ANY DEFEN DER
adjacent to attacker provided THAT PIECE IS NOT ALSO UNDER ATTACK. *: $605 U B 51000$
40185 PRINT"COMBAT RESULT:
ATTACKER's AND DEFENDER'S DDDS ARE ROUNDED TD SIMPLE ODD S(E, 6. it vs 4 becones 2-1). THE followimg table is consulted am D A Randot row selected:
40190 PRINT" $1-6-1-5$ 1-4 1-3 $1-2$ 1-1 $2-1$ 3-1 4-1 5-1 6-1*:FORA (TO6:FORS=1TOII:PRINTUSING'HWH'; TB(A, B) ; :NEXTB;PRINT:NEITA 40192 PRINT:PRINT"-1 A ELIM: -2 A RET: 0 EXCH6: 1 DELIM: 2 DRE T': 60Sub51000
40195 PRINT"-1 ATTACKER(S) ELIMINATED.
40200 PRINT" 1 DEFENDER ELIMINATED.
40205 PRINT* O EXChANGE ATtaCKER RUST ELIMINATE UP TO VALUE OF DEFENDER. IF THERE IS AM OPTION THE ATTACKERS FLICKER YITH =EL=, PRESS =E = TO ELIMIMATE, PRESS =N= IF YOU DO NOT WISH TO ELIMINAT E.FLICKERING CONTINUES UNTIL SUFFICIENT ELIMINATED.

40210 PRINT"-2 ATTACKER RETREATS 2 MEI: ${ }^{*}$ :PRINT* 2 DEFENDER RETRE ATS 2 HEI:
40415 PRINT*THE PIECE FLICKERS \&ITHaRT $=$, IT MUST RETREAT AND NOT
PaSs through any hei adjacent to ak opponent or hove off board. 1
F IT CanNat, press =e = to elirinate.

$51050 \mathrm{Bt}=1 \mathrm{WKEYs}:$ IFBs=*THEN51050
51060 IFBS=*P*60SUB35000
51080 CLS: RETURN

# 印 R|ll I E 

Have you ever had the urge to build a bridge but just couldn't find the time or place to construct one? If so, then this simulation is for you.
The object of this game is to successfully build a bridge from the ground up. You have been hired by the San Francisco Public Works Commission to rebuild the famous Golden Gate which was recently destroyed by a powerful invasion from space. You must connect the two blocks at the top of the screen. You do so by placing beams from the bottom until you can support the connecting beams across the top.
There are only a few rules, as you are your own boss. You must have the right end of the beams supported by either another beam or the rocky cliffs on the side. The only other item to be aware of is the ever-present inspector, who will walk up and down during construction. All he asks of you is that you lay beams below his feet only - so you can't drop one on his head.
The game itself is simple to play and win, so the challenge is in completing the entire work in as few days as possible. To play, all you need is an 8 K Atari with one joystick, which goes into the leftmost slot. VARIABLES
DA - days of construction so far. X, Y - location of inspector. M, N - location of pointer on screen.

10 GRAPHICS 0:POSITION 13,0:? 'BRID6E BUILDER':POSITION 19,1:? 'BY':POSITION 14,2:? 'JAMES HAGANI'
15 POKE 752,1:OPEM 12,4,0, *K:*
20 ? :? :? * YOU ARE NOH AN OFFICIAL E
MGINEER!!!';? 'YOUR MISSION IS TO BUIL D A BRIDGE*
25 ? 'CONMECTIMG THE TVO BLOCKS AT THE TOP*:? "OF OF THE SCREEN. YOU DO SO B Y PLACIN6*;
30 ? 'BEANS BELOH THE INSPECTOR'S FEET .'t? 'SIMPLY MOVE THE POINTER TO THE P LACE*
35 ? 'Where you wish to place the beak , THEN' $;$ :? 'ENTER THE DIRECTION YOU WI SH TO SET*
40 ? 'the beah. try to construct the b RIDGE':? 'IN AS FEY DAYS AS POSSIBLE.* :? :? HIT ANY KEY TO BEGIN... *
50 GET 12,A
150 GRAPHICS 5:SETCOLOR 2.0.0:POKE 752
, 1:SETCOLOR 1,11,10:SETCOLOR $0,15,0$ :SE TCOLOR 4,8,4
155 COLOR I
160 FOR $x=0$ TO 79:PLOT $x, 39:$ MEXT X
165 PLOT 0,8 : DRANTO $5,8:$ PLOT $0,9:$ DRANT
0 5,9:PLOT $79,8:$ DRAUTO $74,8:$ PLOT 79,9 :
DRANTO 74,9
$170 Y=10: D=71: Y=4$
190 PLOT $0, Y$ : DRANTO $\mathrm{X}+3, Y$ : PLOT $79, Y$ : DR ANTO $X+D-3, Y$
$200 \gamma=\gamma+1:$ IF INT(RND (1): 110 ) $)$ 3 THEN $\chi=\chi$ $+1: D=D-2$
210 IF Y $\mathbf{Y} 39$ THEN 220
215 60T0 190
$220 \mathrm{I}=29+1 \mathrm{MT}($ RND (1) $: 117) ; Y=38$
230 GOSUB 1030
$240 \mathrm{H}=$ INT (RND (1) 131$)+25: \mathrm{M}=0$
260 LOCATE $\mathrm{K}, \mathrm{N}+1$, II
262 IF XX<>0 THEN 280
$270 \mathrm{~N}=\mathrm{N}+1: 6070260$
$280 \mathrm{~N}=\mathrm{N}-10:$ IF WKO THEN Ne0
285 ? :? :? :? :? 'USE JOYSTICK TO MOV
$r$ BFAM POINTER....':? © DAY. $I$ 'iDA

## ROUNS ON AN ATARI IN $8 K$

## WIIH A JOYSTICK

## BY DAVID BOILIXE

+1 ; ${ }^{*}$ OF CONSTRUCTION. ':?
290 COLOR 2:PLOT H ,N:PLOT $\mathrm{M}+1, \mathrm{~N}$
J20 FOR II=1 TO 20:MEIT II:C=STICK(0): IF $\mathrm{C}=15$ THEN 320
330 IF $\mathrm{C}=7$ THEN 380
340 IF $\mathrm{C}=11$ THEN 400
350 IF $\mathrm{C}=13$ THEN 420
360 IF $\mathrm{C}=14$ THEN 424
3706070290
380 LOCATE K+2,N, II: IF IX $<\gg$ THEN 440
390 COLOR OtPLOT $\mathrm{K}, \mathrm{H}:$ PLOT $\mathrm{H}+1, \mathrm{~N}: \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{H}+2$ :
COLOR 1:60TO 290

483 IF $C C=0$ THEN $D=2: 11=18$
484 IF $\mathrm{C}=7$ THEN $D=3: 11=18$
485 IF D<1 OR D)3 THEN 480
$510 \quad D A=D A+1: M 1=H: M 1=N$
520 FOR $I=1$ TO 18
525 SOUND $0,100,60,100: F O R \quad x=1$ T0 $10:$
NEST II: SOUND $0,0,0,0$
530 IF M) 76 OR NK 4 OR MK2 THEN 620
540 COLOR 2:PLOT M,N:PLOT M+1,N
550 LOCATE $\mathrm{H}+2, \mathrm{~N}, \mathrm{IX}:$ IF XX<>O AND XX( $)$ J THEN 770
560 ON D $60 T 0$ 570,580,590,600
$570 \mathrm{I}=1+1 \mathrm{NT}($ RND ( 1 ) $: 2$ ) : $\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{N}-1: 11=11+1: 60$ 50610
$580 \mathrm{~N}=\mathrm{K}+1: \mathrm{N}=\mathrm{N}-1: 60 \mathrm{TO} 610$
$590 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{H}+1: 60 \mathrm{TO} \quad 610$
$600 \mathrm{~N}=\mathrm{K}+1: \mathrm{K}=\mathrm{K}+1$
610 NEXT I
620 LOCATE $\mathrm{K}+2, \mathrm{~N}-1$, IX:IF IK $\mathrm{I}>0$ AND XK
IS OR D=1 THEN 770
$630 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{H} 1: \mathrm{N}=\mathrm{N} 1$
650 ? :? :? *RIGHT END OF BEAK MUST BE SUPPORTED ' $\cdot$ :? : $00=1$ :FOR I $=1$ TO 200:50
UND $0,36,36,36$ :MEIT I:SOUND $0,0,0,0$
670 IF $09=19$ THEN $09=18$
672 FOR $I=1$ TO DO:COLOR O:PLOT M, N:PLO
T M $\mathrm{M}+1, \mathrm{M}$
675 SOUND $0,100,60,100$ :FOR XI $=1$ TO 10:

860 LOCATE $x, \gamma-1, I \mathrm{I}: 1 \mathrm{IF} \mathrm{X}=0$ THEN $\quad \gamma=\gamma-1$ :60T0 910
870 60T0 910
880 LOCATE $x+1, y+1, x y:$ LOCATE $x+3, y+1, x$ 1:LOCATE $x, y+1, x 2:$ IF $x 2=0$ AND $I x=0$ AND $X 1=0$ THEN $Y=\gamma+1: 60$ TO 910
890 LOCATE $\mathbf{x}+3, Y$, II: IF $\mathbf{I}=0$ THEN $\mathbf{I}=\mathbf{K}+1$ :6070 910
900 LOCATE $X, Y-1, \mathrm{IK}$ :IF $\mathrm{X} x=0$ THEN $Y=\gamma-1$ :6070 910
910 60SUB 1030:IF Yर6 OR K(5 OR 1)69 T HEN 930
920 NEXT I
930 REM
960 FOR $I=5$ TO 75 STEP 5:FOR J=5 TO 10 970 LOCATE I, J, XX:IF IIK>O THEN 990
980 NEXT J:60TO 240
990 NEIT I
1000 FOR $z=1$ TO 5:FOR $z t=200$ TO 80 STE P-7:SOUND 0,71,10,7:SOUND $1,21+7,10,7$ :SOUND $2,71+14,10,7$;NEIT 21 :MEIT $l$ 1005 ? 'YOU'VE FINISHED!!!!!!!! IT TOO $K$ YOU':? *A TOTAL OF ';DA;* DAYS!!!!!!!" 1007 FOR $\mathrm{I}=0$ TO 2:SOUND $\mathrm{I}, 0,0,0$ :MEIT X 1010 ? "PRESS ANY KEY TO PLAY AGAIM... ....... *:GET 12,A:RUN
1030 COLOR 3 : PLOT $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{Y}$ :PLOT $\mathrm{X}+1, \mathrm{Y}-1$ :PLO T $x+2, y$ :PLOT $x+1, y$ - $3:$ PLOT $x, y-2:$ PLOT $x$ $+1, y-2$ :PLOT $\mathrm{x}+2, \mathrm{y}-2$ :RETURN
1050 COLOR O:PLOT $X, Y$ :PLOT $\mathrm{X}+1, \mathrm{Y}-1:$ PLO T $\mathrm{x}+2, \mathrm{y}$ : PLOT $\mathrm{X}+1, \mathrm{Y}-\mathrm{J}$ : PLOT $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}-2$ : PLOT I
$+1, \gamma-2$ : PLOT $x+2, \gamma-2$ : RETURN

400 LOCATE H-1, M, II: IF XI $\langle>0$ THEN 440 410 COLOR 0:PLOT $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}: \mathrm{PLOT} \mathrm{H}+\mathrm{I}, \mathrm{N}: \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{H}-2$ : COLOR 1:60TO 290
420 LOCATE $\mathrm{K}, \mathrm{N}+1$, $\mathrm{XK}: \mathrm{IF} \mathrm{XX} \times>0$ THEN 440

## 421 COLOR O:PLOT $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}:$ PLOT $\mathrm{M}+1, \mathrm{M}: \mathrm{N}=\mathrm{N}+1$ :

 COLOR 1:60TO 290424 COLOR 0:PLOT $\mathrm{K}, \mathrm{N}: \mathrm{PL}$ OT $\mathrm{H}+1, \mathrm{~N}: \mathrm{N}=\mathrm{N}-1:$ IF N(1 THEN N=1
425 COLOR 2:60TO 290
440 IF NCY THEN ? :? 'STICK MUST START BELON INSPECTOR!!: COLOR O:PLOT $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}: \mathrm{P}$ LOT $\mathrm{H}+\mathrm{I}, \mathrm{N}:$ COLOR 1
450 IF NKY THEN FOR I=1 TO 200:SOUND 0
$, 36,36,36$ : NEXT I:SOUND 0,0,0,0:60TO 24 0
459 REK In lines 460-465: d=shift-down arrow $r=c t r l-R \quad f=c t r l-f$
460 ? :? :? USE JOYSTICK TO SET BEAM*:? 'IN EITHER O OR rT DIRECTION* 465? TO SET IN $f$ DIRECTION, PRESS BU TTON.*
$480 \mathrm{D}=0$ : $\mathrm{C}=5 \mathrm{SI} \mathrm{CK}(0): \mathrm{CC}=\mathrm{STRI} 6(0)$ : IF $\mathrm{C}=15$ AND CC=1 THEN 480
482 IF $\mathrm{C}=14$ THEN $\mathrm{D}=1: 1 \mathrm{I}=18$

NEXT XI: SOUND $0,0,0,0$
680 ON D GOTO $690,700,710,720$
$690 \mathrm{~N}=\mathrm{N}-1: 6070730$
$700 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{K}+1: \mathrm{N}=\mathrm{N}-1: 6070730$
$710 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{H}+1: 6070730$
$720 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{H}+1: \mathrm{N}=\mathrm{N}+1$
730 IF N<2 THEN 750
740 NEIT I
750 REM
7606070240
770 SOUND $0,0,0,0: I F \quad M=0$ THEN $M=1: 60 T 0$ 790
$780 \mathrm{M}=0$
790 ? *
INSPECTION... $: ~: ? ~: ?$
810 FOR $I=1$ TO INT (RND (1) 140$)+10$
820 SOUND $0,60,6,10$ : SOUND $0,0,0,0: 605 \mathrm{~S}$
B 1050
830 IF $M=1$ THEN 880
840 LOCATE $\mathrm{X}-2, Y+1, \mathrm{Y} 1:$ LOCATE $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y}+1, \mathrm{X} 2$ :
LOCATE $x+2, y+1, x 3$ : IF $Y 1=0$ AND $x 2=0$ AND
$I 3=0$ THEN $Y=Y+1: 60 T 0910$
B50 LOCATE $X-1, Y, X Y: I F \quad X X=0$ THEN $X=Y-1$ :60T0 910



100IMHH63, NN8
20Q=\#9000, L=\#9090
30G0S. i
409P. $\$ 12 \$ 10 \$ 10$
50FIN. "GRRVITY (1 TO
601F\%G<00R\%G>10P. "BETWEEN O \& 10. "';G. 9
$70 h \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{\$ 10}$; FIN. "THRUST ( $\theta-20$ )" $\%$ T
800=\#7F7F7F7F; $\mathrm{H}=32$
901F\%T<8OR\%T>20P. "BETWEEN O \& 20."', G.h
100 JP. $=10$ IN. "FUEL CAPRCITY (1-999)"G
110IFG<10RG>999P. "BETWEEN 1 \& $999 "$ ' G. J
120kP. 10 ; FIN. "LATERRL THRUST ( $\theta-2$ ) " $\%$ R
130IF \%R<QOR \%R>2;P. "BETWEEN Q AND 2.", G.k
140yG0S.w
150CLEAR0
$160 X=0 ; Y=5 ; F=G ; H H 0=5, R=A, R . \% 54$
170MOVEO, 0, DRAW0,5
1801 P=A.R. $\% 54$
$190 \mathrm{IF}(P<R+9$ A. $P>R) 0 R(R<P+9 A . R>P) ; G .1$
200T=P; IF R. $\% 3>0 \mathrm{G}$. n
2100 T=A.R. $\% 54$
$220 \mathrm{IF}(T<R+9 A . T\rangle R) O R(R\langle T+9 R . R\rangle T) ; G .0$
$238 \mathrm{nDO} X=\mathrm{X}+1$
240IF X>R R.X<R+9G.P
$250 Y=Y+R . \% 3$
260IF R. $(X-P)<50 R$ R. $(X-T)<5$;G. 9
2701F Y>15 $\quad Y=14$
280P MOVEX, 0
290DRAWX, Y
300IFY<gY=0
$310 \mathrm{HH}(X)=Y+5$
3201. $X=63$
$330 B=\# 40404040 ; T=\# 40404040 ; Y=\# 8000 ; V=176$
340P. ${ }^{\text {3 }} 30$ "RLT:
, F:
,V.V:
,H. V
350 F. $I=\# 8000$ T0\#8200
360 ? $1=? 1 \mid 128$; N.
370F. I=1T080
$380 \mathrm{X}=\# 8000+$ A. R. $\% 512$
$3901 F ? X=1920 R ? X<128 ; ? X=65$
400N.
$410 \% Z=44 ; \%=0 ; \% H=0 ; \% S=F L T(A, R . \% 56+1)$
$4201=1$
43000
$440 r \% V=\% V+\% G$
4501F? ${ }^{\text {B }}$ B001<128; \% $H=\% H-\%$ R
460IF (?\#B002) $2.64<>64) \% \mathrm{H}=\% \mathrm{H}+\% \mathrm{R}$
$4701 F(? \# B 001) \& 64<>64$ RND $F>0 ; \% V=\% V-\% T$; $F=F-\%$, IF F<0 $F=0$
480? \#8013=V+A. $\% V / 100 ; ? \# 8014=V+$ A. $((\% V) \% 100) / 10$

500? \#801C $=\mathrm{V}+\mathrm{F}$. $((\% / H) \% 18)$
$5107 \# 800 \mathrm{~A}=\mathrm{V}+\mathrm{F} / 100$; ? \#8008 $=\mathrm{V}+(\mathrm{F} \% 188) / 18 ; ? 73800 \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{Y}+\mathrm{F} \% 18$
520 ? $88004=\rangle+\% / 2 / 100 \cdot ? \# 8005=\psi+(\langle \% 2) \% 100) / 10$

$$
530 ? \# 8006=v+(\% Z) \% 10
$$

$540 \mathrm{X}=\% \mathrm{H} ; ?$ ? $801 \mathrm{E}=\mathrm{V}+\mathrm{A} . \%(\% \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{X}) * 10)$

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560G．2
570cIF \％Z $2<0 ; \% S=10$ G．m
580IF \％S＞560R\％S〈1G．r
$590 \mathrm{mU} . \% 2\langle\mathrm{HH}(\% \mathrm{~S}+1\rangle+20 \mathrm{R} \% 2\langle\mathrm{HH}(\% S+3)+20 \mathrm{R} \% 2\langle\mathrm{HH}(\% S+6)+2$
$609 \mathrm{~B}=0$
610F．$I=\% S-(\% S) \% 2$ TO $\% S-(\% S) \% 2+6$
$620 \mathrm{NN}(\mathrm{I}+1-\% \mathrm{~S})=0$
6301F $H H(I)>B \quad B=H H(I)$
640 N ．
650F． $\mathrm{I}=\% \mathrm{~S}-(\% \mathrm{~S}) \% 2$ TO $\% \mathrm{~S}-(\% S) \% 2+6$
$660 \mathrm{IFHH}(\mathrm{I})\left\langle\mathrm{B}-7 \mathrm{NN} 1=1 ; \mathrm{NN}_{2}=1 ; \mathrm{NN} 3=1 ; \mathrm{G} . \mathrm{s}\right.$
$670 \mathrm{NN}(\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{HH}(I))=1$
$680 \mathrm{sN} . ; \mathrm{C}=0$
$690 \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{I}=0$ T07； $\mathrm{IFNN}(\mathrm{I})=1 \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}+1$
700 N.
710P．$\$ 12$ 事 10 10＂$\quad$ YOUR TOUCH DOWN VELOCITY WAS＂
$720 \mathrm{Q}=0$
730P．\％V＂METRES PER SECOND WHICH＂
$740 \mathrm{Q}=4$
750IF\％Vく6P．＂WAS LOVELY＂，G．d
760IF\％V＜11P．＂WRS A BIT ROUGH ON YOUR PASSENGERS．＂＇，G．e
$7701 F \% V<15 P$ ．＂MODERN LANDING CRRFT JUST CAN＇T TAKE，＂＇$G, f$
780P．＂IS SOMEWHRT HIGH．＂
790P．＂I DON＇T KNOW WHAT YOU THINK YOUR＂
800P．＂DOING，BUT YOU WON＇T BE DOING IT＂
810P．＂RNY MORE－YOUR SHIP HAS JUST＂，
820P．＂BEEN SPRERD LIBERRLLY OVER 50＂，
830P．＂SQURRE KILOMETERS OF MOON－＂
840R．＂ SU URFRCE．＂
8501FCく3G．t
860 IFC $>2$ P．＂RND TO TOP IT RLL OFF，YOU＂，
87日P．＂DIDN＇T EVEN MRNAGE TO FIND R＂＇
880P．＂FLAT PIECE OF GROUND TO LRND ONI＂

890G．t
900dIFCく3G．t
910P．＂HOWEVER，YOU DIDN＇T＂，P．＂FIND A FLRT RREA TO LRND＂， 920P．＂ON RND YOUR SHIP WRS DESTRDYED＂．
930P．＂RNYWRY．＂＇；G．t
940eIFCく3G．t
950P．＂HOWEVER，IN VIEW OF THE FRCT＂， 960P．＂THRT YOU CAME DOWN ON ROUGH＂，
970P．＂GROUND I SHOULDN＇T THINK THEY＂
980P．＂FELT MUCH SINCE YOUR LRNDER WRS＂＇
990P．＂SPLRTTERED OVER A FRIRLY LRRGE＂＇
180日P．＂RRER．＂＇；G．t
1010 FIFCく3G．t
1020F，＂IN RETROSPECT YOUR TOUCH＂ 1030P．＂DOWN VELOCITY WRS LARGELY 1040P．＂IRRELEVENT SINCE YOU SUCCEEDED＂ 1050P．＂IN FINDING A MINATURE MOUNTAIN＂， 1060P．＂RRNGE TO LAND ON RND YOUR SHIP＂，
1070P．＂WAS DESTROYED ON IMPRCT．＂
1080G．t
1090aIFM＝1G．b
1100 IFP $\langle Y+H ; G . b$
$1110!\mathrm{P}=\mathrm{R} ; \mathrm{P}!\mathrm{H}=\mathrm{B}$


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[^0]$1120 \mathrm{~b} \% \mathrm{Z}=\% 2-\% / 10 ; \%$／$=\% \%$＋$\%$ H；IF $\%$ S $>56 ; G . C$
1130IF＂Sく1G．G
$1140 \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{Y}+\% \mathrm{~S} / 2-\mathrm{H} *(\% / 2 / 3)+512$
1150 IFP $\langle Y+H ; G . C$
$1160 M=0 ; R=!P ; B=P!H$
1170G．（1180＋30＊（（\％2）＊3））
$1180!P=\# 40424140!\mathrm{R} \cdot \mathrm{P}!\mathrm{H}=\# 4 \mathrm{C} 7 \mathrm{C} 7 \mathrm{C} 4 \mathrm{C}!\mathrm{B}$
$1190!P=!P \& 0 ; P!H=P!H \& 0$
1200G．c
$1218!P=\# 404 B 4740!R ; P!H=\# 79707070 \mid B$
$1220!P=1 P \& O ; P!H=P!H \& O$
1230G．C
1240 ！$P=\# 436 F 5 F 43$ ！R；$P$ ！$H=B$
$1250!P=!P \& 0 ; P!H=P!H \& 0$
1260G．C
1280tGOS．w
 1300\＄L＝\＄Q；Q？1＝13
1310IF\＄Q＝＂Y＂G，U
1320IF $\$ Q=$＂$N$＂G．V
1330 P ．$⿻$（
1340F．I $=1$ TO80；WRIT；N．
1350G．$\times$
1360vP，$\$ 10^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{RW}$ SHUCKS．．．．．BYE＂
137日F．I＝1T015；WRIT；WRIT；P．＂E＂jN．
1380P．＇$E$ ．
1390 uP． 10 ；IN．＂WITH PRESENT GRRYITY，THRUST，ETC＂䡉 1400 कL＝事：$?(Q+1)=13$
1410IF軒 $=$＂Y＂G．$y$
1420IF $\$$ Q $=$＂N＂G． 9
1430P，咩＂NOT VALID，PLERSE REDO．＂＇G．$u$
14499IFR．$\% 4$／2G．P
$1450 Y=Y+$ A．R．$\% 4$
1460G．P
1470iP．事12事10\＄10＂MOON－LANDER＂ 10
1480P．＂THIS IS A MOON－LANDING＂＇
1490P．＂SIMULATION IN WHICH YOU PILOT＂．
1500P．＂THE LRNDING CRAFT．＂
1510P．＂IN ORDER TO SURVIVE THE＂＇
1520P．＂LANDING YOU MUST LAND ON FLAT＂
1530P．＂GROUND WITH A VERTICRL VELOCITY＂，
1540P．＂（Y．V．）OF LESS THRN 11 METRES＂？
1550P．＂PER SECOND．TO DO THIS YOU HRVE＂，
1560P．＂THE FOLLOWING CONTROLS：＂
1570P．＂＇SHIFT＇－ACCELERRTE LEFT，＂＇
1580P．＂＇REPT＇－ACCELERRTE RIGHT．＂
1590P．＂＇CTRL＇－ACCELERATE UPWRRDS．＂＂
1600G0S．W
 1620P，＂THE VIDEO OF YOUR LRNDING RRE＂，
1630P．＂YOUR INSTRUMENT RERDINGS－＂）
1640P．＂VERTICRL VELOCITY－V．V．（－VE UP），＂
1650P．＂HORIZONTRL VELOCITY－H．V．＂
1660P．＂（＋VE RIGHT），RLTITUDE－ALT，AND＂） 1670P．＂FUEL－F．＂
1680P．＂RLL PRRRMETERS RRE VARIRBLE＂． 1690P．＂BY THE USER BUT NOTE－HIGHER＂
1700P．＂THRUSTS MEAN MORE FUEL IS USED．＂
1710G0S．WJR．
1720wP．$\$ 10^{\prime P}$ PRESS＇SHIFT＇TO CONTINUE．＂
1730zIF？\＃B001＞127G．z
1740R．

Deep beneath the waves lurks a horribly beweaponed submarine waiting for its prey－a convoy of cargo ships protected by launches，fast patrol boats and aircraft carriers．

The aim is score the highest number of points in one minute．You have an unlimited supply of missiles which are fired by pressing 0 ．If 0 is pressed again before the first missile has reached its target it will self－destruct and a second will fire from the sub．
Bonus points are awarded for accuracy．The closer to the centre of the ship your missile lands the more points you score．I and P are used to move the sub left and right．
The highest score for this program so far is 1100．Can you beat it？
Notes on the program： $\mathbb{S}=$ submarine； $\mathrm{T} \$\{$ cargo ship， $\mathrm{E}=2 ; \mathrm{C}=$ carrier， E－I；LA $\$=$ launch，$E=3 ;$ SP $\$=$ speedboat，$E=4$ ．

B：random number -1 or I ，which decides which direction T\＄AND C\＄ move．C：height of the missile．It is used to stop the missile going over the scenery．$D$ ：random number，1， 2 or 3 ，which decides the height of the ships up the screen and volume of sounds．E：changes for each ship and is used for scoring and printing of the sinking ships．$G$ ：random number $1-10$ ，which provides probability of ship appearing．I：gives the horizontal position of the missiles．J：used as a delay to create radar sound．

```
5 POKE 368,79,61
7 GOTO2OGQ = REH INTRODUETIOH
10 PRINT"#]";
11 DEFFNR<X\rangle=THT}\langleX\RND<2\rangle)+1 sREM RANDOM NO.
12 NO=36877:V =36878:SO=36876 sREM WHITE NOISE,VOL. & SOUND
15 REM** BACKGROLIHD **
```




```
35 PRINT"嘍 -si -
45 PRINT"IT 贯 - m-m
5Q REM SUE & SHIPS
```







```
155 IFK=1THEN2065
157 REM SAND ON EOTTOM
```



```
170 POKES185,227:POKES8905,?
180 POKE198,0:REM CLEAR KEYBOFRRI BUFFER
19日 TI$="ロดصด@@"
270 GOTOPBa
28日 IFTI咅"日@@1@G"THEH292
285 IFC>OTHEN65日:REM MOVE MISSILE
290 GOTO1日G日:REM MOVE SHTPS
292 POKENO.-0
```



```
3日日 POKESO,Q &POKE3B417,1 :GETAS : IFAS="O"THEHG日G &REM TEST FOR FIRING
305 IFPEEK(203)=54THEN286
310 IFPEEK (293)=12THENT =T -1 :G0TO500
320 IFPEEK(203)=13THENT = T +1 %OOTO5@9
340 GOTO28日
40日 REM MOVE SUB
5日e IFT CQTHENT =T +1:60T028日
51日 IFT>14THENT =T - 1:GOTO280
```




```
S9日 REM START MISSILE
60日 IFPEEK(M)=93THENPOKEM,32
610 POKESO,250:IT=8100+T :POKEM,93:POKEM+CO, 1:C=1:I=T+1:GOTO1000
64B REM MOVE MISSILE
650 POKESO, 0:POKEM,32:M=14-2:2:C=C+1
660 IFC> 15THENC=0:GOTO1日日曰
675 IFPEEK (M)=32THENPOKEM+CO,1:FOKEM,93:00T01日日日
680 G0SUB910%GOSUE150日:C=0:SC=SC+\langle20*E)
70日 D=FNR<3>:G=FNR<1日) :REM D=VOL. & HGT.
```



Lady Luck presides over the popular dice game of Yahtzee but you make the calls, and the computer makes $\alpha$ worthy opponent,

For those not familiar with Yahtzee, it involves five dice buf a good deal of skill and judgement as welf as a fair slice of luck.
There is a poker type scorecard for each player with a list of things to be achieved and scored. The player throws the five dice and decides which section of the scoresheet that throw is dedicated to.

The scoresheet is made up of: ones, twos, threes, fours, fives, sixes, high run $(2,3,4,5,6)$ and low run, four of $\alpha$ kind, three of $\alpha$ kind, two pair, $\alpha$ full house, $\alpha$ pair, a Yahtzee and a chance. Bonuses are/scored for making a Yahtzee (five-of-a-kind) and scoring well on the first section: ones-sixes.
Say the player throws $2,2,2,6$, 5. He then has the choice of trying for a three of a kind, threes on the lefthand side of the scoreboard or keeping the three twos and re-rolling the other two dice fo achieve a four of $\alpha$ kind or a Yahtzee. Three throws is the fimit before he fills in his scorecard.

If he is not successful in his two further throws tie can still go (in the first two options. If however, he fails to score any of the combinations, he scores of in one of the boxes.
The game involves a fair amount of strategy and the computer plays a fair game. But there is plenty of scope for improvement and all that is needed is to add to the data statements in lines 30000 through to 30140, or try adding further opfions to lines 7310: 7365; 7305; 7414.

Yahizee is written for the Video Genie but it will work on $\alpha$ TRS- 80 and, as there are no PEEK or POKE statements, the reader should have little difficulty in adapting the graphic part to other machines.
Arrays: $x(15)$ is used to swop data when turns are transferred from computer to human, or vice versa.
H(15) Stores hüman scorecard CP(is) Stores computer scorecard.
$t(5)$ Is for storing throw of dice. $z(3)$ Is used for storing 3 new throws by computer.

CLS:0EFINTA-Z CLEAPSCOTRATCOH



 і FOR $\mathrm{I}=1$ TOJer REACK 3 (1) ~REMT
40 Date 11112, 11113, 11114, 11115, $111166,12222,22225,22224,2225,22226$ 42 DATA $15555,25555,35555,45555,55556,16666,26666,36666,46656,56664$ 43. FORI=1TOSO: FEAOK ( $(1)$ HEXT
 12 OATA11555, 22555, उTS55, $44555,5566,11444,22444,33444,44455,44460$ SI FORI=1TOTA: RE HOFH (D) : NEKT
60 ôtal $1234,12234,12534,12344,12346,22345,23345+25445,23455$
61 OATA 13456, $33456,34456,34556,34566$
62 FCRI=1TO142REAOLS(I)INEXT
79 DATM 12345.23456
©0 FORI $=1$ TO2: REAOHS S IDINEXT
(110 DATA $11111,22222,33233,44444,55555$, 66666 FORI $=1$ TO6: REROWH (1) HEXT
111 Gosurseoce
$130 \mathrm{C}=2 \mathrm{GOTO} 5780$
140 CLS
150 IF aKK>1 PRINT20, YSs + Zs ELSE PRINTVSs
160 PRINT Q64, "1. RCES $1+1+1=3$. "TRE $23 \times \times(1) 1$ THE $(26)=/-1$
170 PRINTTAB $(28)=9,3$ OF A KIND (TOTAL DICE) "ITAE 60 ) X(9)







25e PRINTTAB (29)"13, HIGH STRAIGHT (SCOPE 40)~TAB(69)K(13)



298 PRINTTAE (28)"15. CHAHCE (TOTRL DICE)"TRB (60) K 15 :
उ 00 PRINT $5512, *$ *GRAND TOTAL (LEFT SCORE + RIGHT SCOPE
310 FORI MOTOL25:SET ( 1,27 ) a NEXTI
320 RETUPN

369 FOR $1=1$ to $151 \times(1)=H(T)$ \& FEXT I: GOSUB14e
370 PRINTVG40, VOUR THROW = 12 k
380 PRINT TAB (26)"A B © C O E"3
390 PRINTa704, "VOUR SCORE "1 2t:

## RUNS ON A VIDEO GENIE

## YAHTZEE

## BY KETIH HOOK

```
409 GOSUB 649:G0SUB1010
402 GOSUB691
403 IF Xr<\=N"GOSuR69?
41e PRINTDE32."UHICH SCORECARD DO VOU NFNT TO USE L(EET) OR R(IGHT) ? ?
411 XI=11aEVs:IF X;=**GOT0411
42e IFXI="L" GOSUB 1 3eeELSE IFCI="R"GOSUB2e00
421 GOSUB 1492GOSUR150@0
```



```
43J IFx(7)<>1 AHIDN(8) ()ITHENH434 ELSE440
433 1FX(7)<>1 etlOX(8) P1THEN434 ELSE440
434 FORI=1 TOI 00e:NEXTI : H(8) m\k<8):G0T04068
```



```
S4e PEH GOSUB THPDU
S0 FOR I= 1TO 5tT(I)= RHO(6):HEXT I
651 GOSUE 160e9
G60 RETURN
```



```
692 <t=11HEY%
6 9 5 ~ I F ~ X ~ K = * * G O T O 6 9 2 ~
694 IF XI="N" THEN RETUNN ELSEIFXI<>"Y" GOTO692
695 PRINT\332, "HOU MPNW MUMBERS DO YOU WPNT TO CHNHGE "1s IHPUTOIIFQCI OROYSGOTCG
25
696 PRINT\E32,STRINGt(64," ")10H1 0 G0T0697,699,701,7e3,705
697 PRINTas32,"UHICH HUMBER DO VOU WANT TO CHARGE"; INFUTV/
698 60T0780
```



```
700 0070790
```



```
7e2 GOT07Be
```



```
794 60т07e9
705 FOR I=1TO5:T(I)=RND(6):NEXTI :G0T0 903
78e IF Ys="&"Y=1
790 IF Vs="B"V=2
800 IFYs="C=Y=5
810 IFY%="0"Y=4
829 IFY|="E"Y=5
821 T(y)=RNO(6)+IFQ=160T0903
830 IFYY{="g"y%=2
840 [FYWI="C"YV=3
*5e IFYY%="D"YY=4
860 1FY/t="E"YY=5
S*)T(YY)=FR+\(6):IFG=200t0903
```

$37 \mathrm{IFF} \mathrm{I}=-\mathrm{C=} \mathrm{C=3}$

O9 TR2


901 1FKK: ="E=22e5
503 GOSuencece
se3 GOSue16ece

te00 PRINTize4, "OOR SCORE -1211
 1020 RETUFP:
1300 gosus 16800
$1310 \mathrm{SC=}$ (T $\left.\left.(1) * 10[3)+\mathrm{CT}(2) * 10 \mathrm{~L}_{2}\right)+\mathrm{T}(3) * 10\right)+\mathrm{T}(4)$

1321 SC=T(2) $10(3+C T C J) * 10(2)+T$ T $4 * * 10 x+$ T 254

1323 IF $\mathrm{F}=1 \mathrm{M}=1$ PETURA
 H BON-1: IMPUT 1
1340 IFI 6 TIEMIS38
 T BOK":-2FOR I=1TOSCenIEKTI ELSEI37e
1560 gotol350
137 K(1)=e: RETUFFI
138e $\mathrm{IFT}(3)=1$ TMEN $(\mathrm{C}(1)=3$
1391 IFT ( 3 ) $=2$ THEDD $(2)=6$
1382 1FT $(3)=$ - THE $\mathrm{N}(\mathrm{K})=9$
1303 IFT $(3)=4$ THELK $(4)=12$
i504 IfT(J)=5THeno $\langle(5)=15$

1536 RETUFH
2000 REM
$2011 S(* T(1) * 10(4+C T(2) * 10(5)+(T(3) * 1 e(2)+(T(4) * 10)+T(5)$







2064 SCo(T $(2) * 10(3)+(T(3)+18(2)+(T / 4) * 10)+T(5)$

$2866 \mathrm{al}=$ ?



sese if $\times(14)=1$ THEN $X(14)=50$ ELSEX $(14) w C K(14)+100$
3068 GOrors51

se9e IFLEFT: $(15,1)=" \mathrm{H}^{*}$ THEN324e ELSE X(11) 25
3109 GOTOJ351
3110 IF $\times(13><>1$ Ther 3150

3130 IF LEFTS (is.1)="H" THEH 3150 ELSEX(13)=40
3140 G0T03551
3150 IF $\times(12)<11$ G0T0 3290


3180 gotosjs
stse IF x $10 \times 531$ 60T03240

3210 IFLEFT $(15: 1)=-100^{-}$THENS24
$3220 \times(10)=0:$ FOR $1=1$ TO $5: \times(10)=X(10)+T(1)=$ HEXT
tere gototes
T24e IF $\mathrm{X}(9)<>1 \mathrm{l}$ 60T03290

3268 IF LEFTS $(14,1)=$ "ti" THEH 3290

trae corosts!
3209 IFrcis) 1 60T0T340



पth GOT0世51

J34 If Istoplis is Thensj4e
335 8 21)=0
3700 P81/I
3700 PRINTDE, "COPVRIGHT K. HOOK:
3, EULCOCK STREET
EUFRLEV, 57427
3TOS FOR I= it TO 1000 nEXT:CL:
3710 PPINT2449."TH1S IS THE GONE OF 'Y AHTZEE (
3715 PRINT2512,-1T is ERTED OH 'MILTOH EOBOLEV LTO NERSIOH OF THE RULES. -
3716 FOR IN 1 T0 1000 :NEXT
ST20 PRINTZB32, "PRESS, NEU LINE : TO COHTINE. .... ": INFUT B
3725 CLSA INFUT "DO VOU NEED InSTRUCTIOHS........ " is


3740 CLS:PRIMT2512, Thecti8) -V a H T 2 E E
J745 PRIIT2S96. ThE RULES
375e FOE $1=1$ TO Se0rnEXT


J765 POTNT-yOU QPE PLNOHG RSMIHST THE COHPUTER, BUT THE COHPUTER HILL"
3770 PRINT-VEEP RN EVER UGTCHFU. EVE OH NOUR MOUES, IT UILL WOT LET VOU"
3275 PRINT-CHEAT.
370e FRINT-THE SCOPEROARD IS DIUIDED InTO TO HRLUES LEFT ATiD RIGHT.

3796 PRINT-QNHEDED ARE SELF EXFLANATORV, "
उ795 PRINT"FFLL HOUSE' IS :-'1115S' ETC.
3796.PRINT:FRIMT

3000 PRINT"PRESS "HEU LIHE' TO COHTINEE. . ": IIPUTW



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7540 PRINTaB32，＂I＂M GOING LEFT＂＂I25t＂1NTO＂ 1 BstFORI＝1T0SeernEXT
7545 GOSUB70002 60T0 30840

| 7545 GOSU日7ق |
| :--- |
| 7558 REMZERO |

Tess PRINT2932，＂ilLL HAUE TO SCORE ZERO THIS TINE＂12t


7565 FOP $1=910$
7578 60T039840
7579 GOTOSeB40
Bees FEM DATAOHE
Bees REM DATAOHE
8010 1FX 13$)(2160 T 03016$
$80101 F \mathrm{~F}(13)\rangle 160 \mathrm{TOBe16}$
8811 IFT $(1)=T(2) \quad$ Es＝$=^{*} \mathrm{~A}^{\prime \prime} \pm$ GOT0se2 1
Be12 1FT（2）$=\mathrm{T}(3)$ Bsw＂C＂： $60 \mathrm{TOS021}$

6014 IFT $(4)=T(5)$ Bt＝＂E＂4 $60 T 08021$
8015 g9T07480
8e16 IFT（2）＝T（ 3 ）Esw＂A D E＂：GOTOpe2）
2917 IFTi（T）mT（4）EI＝＂A B E＂IGOT00021
0918 IFT（4）＝T（5）6iw＂A B C＂1G0T08021
8019 IFT $(1)=T(2)$ Es＝＂C D E＂160T08021
8828 GOT07489
15eed IFXC7）C＞1 GOTO15096ELSEFORI $=1 T 06: 1 F X C 1)=160 T 015006$ ELSE IEXTI

15092 IF $A R=16$ goto15eet
15003 X $X(7)=91 F O R I=1 T 06 t \times(7)=X(7)+X(1): F O R \quad J=1 T 010$
15004 FRINT 2448 ，＂TOTAL（IF $63+35)$＂s TAB（23）X（7）＋INEXTJ．
15095
15006 IF $X(8)\langle>1$ RETUFIIELSE FOR $I=9 T O 15: 1 F \times(1)=1$ THEN RETURN ELSE NEXT I

15e日7 FF $=10: F O R 1=9$ TOI
isede IF $\mathrm{FF}=16 \mathrm{RETURN}$


15019 PR1
1 FEXTS．1

$15 e 12$ RETURN
16008 FORX $=1$ TOS：FORY $=2$ TO5
16e！e IFT（Y）T T（Y－1）THENU 6030
$16020 \mathrm{ZaT}(Y): T(Y)=T(Y-1): T(Y-1)=Z$
1603 NEXTY
16840 NEXTX
seene KaK＋1：IFKく＞1RETURN：DATA 11235．11236
Jeele FORI＝1TO2tRERD J（J）1 NEXT
38920 DATA $11223,11224,11225,11226,11334,11335,11336,11445,11446,11556$
The2t Dath11226， $11376,11446,11556,22336,22446,22556,33446,33556,44556,24566,3456$
$, 23566,13466,14566,13455,12455,12356$
J0ese FORI＝1TO2Q：READJJ（I）INEXTI
36940 DATA11235，11 $244,11255,11266,11344,11355,11366,11455,11466$
3005 DATA11566，22344，22455，22355，22366，33455，33466，33566，44566
30060 FORI＝1T01BIREACK（1）IREXTI
30070 DATA $12235,12236,13356,23356,23346,24456$
Se00e FORI $=1$ TO6：READKK（ 1 ） 2 HEXTI
seg90 DATA $12233,12244,12255,12266,13 J 44,13355,13366,14455,14466$ उ9199 RATA15566，25355，25344，25 $666,24455,24466,34455,35566,45566$ T2110 FORI＝1 T0182READL（1） 1 HEXTI
30120 DATA $12355,12356,12366,23566,23556$
30130 FORI＝1TOS：READLL（I） 1 NEXTI
30131 DATA11332，11335，11334，11336，11226，11225，11224，11223
30132 DATA22334，22335，22336，33446，33445，44556
30133 FORI＝1TO14：READH（I）：NEXT

Jesse IFTC） 369 TOJes90
te5el 1FX（15）＜＞1 G0T07：50 ELsE3P921
30590 हT～＂A＂1G0T050200
cece0 EI＝＂E＂IGOT0Je280
30610 Es＝＂C－s $90103 e 280$
SEE20 Ef＝＂B＂rG0TOSe2 89
20650 Br＂＊月 \＄C＂ 1 007030200
30631 gotose2en
re70 IFK $(14)=1$ THEM $\times(14)=5 \theta$ ELSEX $(14)=)(14)+190$
30710 PRIHTAB32，＂1＇H GOIHG FOR VARTZEE ：！＂； $25: 60 T 030840$
$30720 \times(13)=49$

$50740 \quad \times(12)=50$

$30769 \times(11)=25$
30770 PRINT28J2，FULL HOUSE＂IZs1＂I＇M FLEASED REOUT THAT I＂ $160 T 030840$

30799 PRINT 9332 ，＂MAHAGEO FOUR OF A KINO－s 25：GOT03Qs4e
sesce $\mathrm{X}(9)=01 F O R \mathrm{I}=1 \mathrm{TOS}: \times(9) \mathrm{mH}(9)+T(I)+$ IEXT 1
Jesie PRINT2eJ2，＂THREE OF A KIN0＂ $25: 60 T 030940$
30620 IFN（15） 190 ToJ0g31

sease PRINTAE32．＂PHEU i1 JUST MADE CHAHCE THIS TIME＂I 2s：GOT030348
30840 FOR I＝1TO 1000：NEXT 1：REH ERO BIT
gecse gosu8700e：sosubisene
30860 IF $\mathrm{X}(7)\langle 1$ RHD $\mathrm{X}(8)<>1$ THEHCP $(8)=\mathrm{X}(8): 60 T 04068$
ras7a FCOt＝iT0 istCPCIv＝KCI SHIENTI
seeed FORI＝1T01000：NEXTI

JOG91＇Si＊＊THIS 15 WOUR SCORE CARD＊
30969 30T0369

Se14e RETURN
$302 \theta 9$ REM RETHPOW
30201 IF $T=3$ G0T0755e
$30210 \mathrm{Z}(1)=\mathrm{RND}(6): 2(2)$ mRHD $(6): 2(3)=\mathrm{PND}(6)$
$3022 \theta$ IF $\mathrm{Bg} \mathrm{m}^{*} \mathrm{~A}^{*} \mathrm{~T}(1)=2(1): 60 \mathrm{~T} 030359$
30250 IFBt＝＂C＂T $(3)=2(1): G 0 T O 3 e 35 e$

30241 1FBs＝＂E＂T（2）＝Z（2）＋G0T030350
30250 1FEI $=$＂E＂T（ 5$)=2(1): 60 T 030050$
30251 IFBT＝＂B \＆E $=T(2)=Z(2): T(5)=\mathrm{Z}(3): 60 T 030350$
30269 IFBs＝＂C D E H T $T(3)=Z(3): T(4)=Z(2): T(5)=Z(1) \times G 0 T 03035 e$
ce261 IFEF＝＂B C D $=T(2)=Z(1) 1 T(3)=Z(2) 1 T(4)=Z(3): G 0 T 03035 e$




30310 IFEs＝＂ 0 \＆$\because T(1)=2(1): T(2)=2(2) 1(90 T 030350$
3e311 IFBt＂$A$ \＆ C ＂T（1）＝Z（1）：T（3）＝2（2）：60T030350
$\operatorname{se3} 11$ IFEt＂A \＆C＂T（1）＝2


30351 GOSUB16e日e：GOSUR70BO：GOTOF180
30509 RFM DATA SORT

$30510 S C=T(1) * 10(4+(T(2) * 1 \theta(3)+(T(3) * 10(2)+(T(4)+10)+T(5)$

J053 FORI＝1T010：1FINT（SC）＝INT（JJ（1））G0T030600 ELSE NEXT： J0S48 FCRI＝1T018：IFIHT（SC）－INT（K（I））GOTOJ0610 ELSE NEXTI 30550 FOR $I=1 T 06 t$ IFINT（SC）$=1 N T(H K(6)) G 0 T 030620 \quad$ ELSE NETTI
 30570 FORI＝1TOSt IF INT $(S C)=1 N T(L L(1))$ GOTO 30600 ELSE HEXTI 30571 FORI＝1T014：1FINT（SC）＝INT（M（1）） ：GOTOJGe3e


## MANIPULATING YOUR DATA

An important part of designing a program is deciding exactly how data is to be represented and organised.
The same data may be represented and organised in many different ways, and a particular form will allow some operations to be performed more easily than others.
For example, arithmetic of any kind is very difficult with Roman numerals, but much easier with modern positional notation, and in positional notation the choice of base makes a difference to some operations.

The simplest and best known example is the way in which we can multiply or divide by 10 in base 10 by shifting the digits left or right relative to the decimal point, while in base 2 the same operations give a multiplication or division by 2 .

A less familiar example is found in tests for divisibility. Some commonly used tests are that a number is divisible by 2 if its last digit is divisible by 2 , divisible by 3 if the sum of its digits is divisible by 3 , and divisible by 9 if the sum of its digits is divisible by 9 . However, these tests rely on the number being written in base 10 and will not necessarily work if the number is written in any other base; for example 9 in base 3 is 100 and none of the tests works in this case.

Character sets in computers vary in the number of characters available, the graphics characters included, and the internal code used to represent the characters.

For many purposes it is not necessary for the programmer to know the internal code since high-level programming languages usually provide functions for converting from code to character and vice versa.

In Basic the commonly used

functions are ASC ("x") or CODE (" $x$ ") which gives the code for the character x , and CHR $\$(\mathrm{~N})$ which gives the character corresponding to the code number N .
In some machines the same code gives different results according to how it is used; for example, on the PET PRINT CHR\$ ( N ) and POKE S, N where S is a location on the screen, do not generally produce the same character.
In programming it is always best to use methods that do not depend on special features of the machine, as this will make your programs easily transportable.

The following program for converting numbers to hexadecimal (base 16) demonstrates a method that is often used for calculating the character code corresponding to the digits of $\alpha$ hexadecimal number.
100 PRINT "DECIMAL NUMBER";
110 INPUT N
200 LET N1 $=\mathrm{N}$
210 LET H\$ =""
220 LET $\mathrm{Q}=\operatorname{INT}(\mathrm{N} 1 / 16)$
230 LET D $=\mathrm{N} 1-16 * \mathrm{Q}$
240 LET A $=$ D +48
250 IF $A>57$ THEN LET $A=A+$ 7
260 LET H\$ $=$ CHR $(A)+$ H\$
270 IF N1 < 16 THEN GOTO 300
280 LET N1 = Q
290 GOTO 220
300 PRINT N: "IN DECIMAL IS"; HS: "IN HEX"
310 GOTO 100

Lines 220 and 230 give $D$ equal to the remainder after dividing N1 by 16; which is the value of the rightmost digit in the hexadecimal form. Lines 240 and 250 give A equal to the ASCII code for D.
In the ASCII code the digits 0 to 9 are coded as the numbers 48 to 57, and the letters A to Z are coded as 65 to 90 ; thus adding 48 to D gives the correct ASCII code if $0<=D<=9$, but if $10<=D<=15$ it is necessary to add another 7 to get the ASCII code for a letter from $A$ to $F$.

This method is machinedependent, as it makes use of specific ASCII codes, and while it will work on most home computers it will not work on all of them. The Sinclair machines, for example, do not use the ASCII codes. However, it is easy to convert the program so that it does not depend on the particular code used to represent the characters. If we add:
10 LET C $\$=" 0123456789 A B C$ DEF"
240 LET H\$ = MID\$ (C\$, D +1, 1) $+\mathrm{H} \$$
and delete lines 250 and 260 the program will work on any machine with Microsoft Basic regardless of the character code used. It still will not work on a Sinclair ZX81 as Sinclair BASIC does not have the MID function. However, in Sinclair Basic line 240 can be replaced by 240 LET H\$ $=\mathrm{C} \$(\mathrm{D}+1)+\mathrm{H} \$$

## DEFINING CODES ..

What we are doing in the second method is, in effect, defining our own code so that the code used in the machine is irrelevant to the working of the program.

In most applications we have to define our own representation for the data because the machine does not provide exactly what we want.

As an example, consider the problems of representing playing cards in a program. Some home computers have graph symbols for the suits but others do not; in the latter case we can
use the letters C,D,H,S, as easily remembered abbreviations.

A card-playing program will have to accept cards input from the keyboard, perform various operations on the cards, and display cards on the screen, and these three phases may require entirely different representations of the cards and hence require conversion between the different representations.

For example a card may be typed in as CA, held as the number 14 for calculations concerning the play, and displayed on the screen as a picture of the Ace of Clubs.

The programmer will have little choice in the input and output forms as these must be easily recognised by the user, but the internal form may be chosen in many ways differing in both representation and organisation.

The choice of an internal form suitable for the operations that must be carried out can make a great difference to the ease or difficulty with which the program is designed and coded.

## STORING CARDS ...

One method of storing cards which simplifies many operations is to use a string array in which the array elements are the input forms and the array indices are used either as numeric codes for the cards or as pointers to another array giving numeric codes.

For example, we could define a string array $\mathrm{P} \$(52)$ with $\mathrm{P} \$(1)={ }^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{CA}{ }^{\prime \prime}, \mathrm{P} \$(2)={ }^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{C} 22^{\prime \prime}$.
$\mathrm{PS}(13)=" \mathrm{CK}^{\prime \prime}, \mathrm{P} \$(2)=" \mathrm{DA}{ }^{\prime \prime}$.
$\mathrm{PS}(52)=$ " SK ".
We can then use a simple routine to check that what the player has typed in is actually a valid card:
100 INPUT C $\$$
110 LET I = 1
120 IF C\$ $=$ P\$(I) THEN GOTO 200
130 LET $\mathrm{I}=\mathrm{I}+1$
140 IF I < 53 THEN GOTO 120 150 PRINT "NOT A VALID CARD, TRY AGAIN"
160 GOTO 100 200

If the program began by dealing the player's hand we must also check that the card he typed in was included in the hand he was dealt.
On exiting the above routine I points to the array element corresponding to the card typed in, which with P\$ as defined means that the cards are coded as $C A=1, C 2=2$, etc.

This simple method of obtaining a numeric code may be all that is needed for some purposes. For example, to sort a hand we can simply sort the codes into ascending order and when we convert the codes to strings by looking up the P\$ array we will find all cards of the same suit together and in order from Ace low to King high.

Other orders can be catered for by defining P\$ differently. If we want the cards sorted into suits and in order from two low to Ace high we define $\mathrm{P} \$(1)=" \mathrm{C} 2$ ", $\mathrm{P} \$(2)={ }^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{C} 3^{\prime \prime}, \ldots, \mathrm{P} \$(12)=" \mathrm{CK}{ }^{\prime \prime}$, $\mathrm{P} \$(13)=" \mathrm{CA} ", \mathrm{P} \$(14)=" \mathrm{D} 2 ", \ldots$; if
we want the hand sorted with cards of the same rank together regardless of suit we define P\$(1) ="CA", P\$(2)="DA", $\mathrm{P} \$(3)=" H A ", \quad \mathrm{P} \$(4)=" \mathrm{SA} "$. $\mathrm{P} \$(5)=$ " C 2 ", etc.

In many card games we will need to separate the suit and value of a card, and possibly perform some manipulations with the value.

If we store the cards in an array such as P\$ the suit can be found easily as $\mathrm{S} \$=$ LEFT $\$$ (P\$(I), 1) and a numeric code can be devised from this if necessary.

It is usually more complicated to deal with the rank or value of the cards; it is rare to find a card game that requires any operation on the suits other than ordering or testing for equality, and sometimes for colour. However, different card games require a wide range of operations to be carried out on the ranks or values of the cards and there are frequently special cases.

## GAMES YOU CAN PLAY

If we look at a few games we can see some of the necessary operations and special cases that affect the suitable representations of the cards.

## CRIBBAGE

Points are scored for cards in sequence, with 10 , J.Q.K entering into sequences in that order, so it would appear that these cards can be given a value of 10 , 11, 12, 13 respectively. However, points are also scored for combinations of cards totalling 15 and in this case $10, \mathrm{~J}, \mathrm{Q}$ and K all count as 10 . Thus we need a different representation for J, Q. K according to what we are doing.

## POKER

A run of five cards may have an Ace as the high card or the low card, but cannot have an Ace in the middle. Thus, A, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 10 , J, Q, K, A count as runs, but J, Q, K, A, 2 does not. However, elsewhere in the game Ace is always high. Probably the easiest way of dealing with this anomaly is to include a special test for runs of the type A. 2, 3, 4, 5.

## BLACK JACK

The cim of the game is to get
the highest total without going over 21, where 2 to 10 count as the spot value, J, Q, K count 10 , and $\hat{A}$ may count as either 1 or 11 as the player wishes. In evaluating a hand it is necessary to allow for the two different values that may be assigned to an Ace.

## BRIDGE

In the bidding the suits rank from low to high, Clubs, Diamonds, Hearts, Spades, No Trumps. In the play, however, there may be a trump suit, in which case a card of the trump suit ranks above cards of any other suit whenever it is played in a trick. To allow for this we need a valuation of the cards that may change from hand to hand.

Where we have a straightforward ordering of the cards in a suit, whether from Ace low to King high as in Cribbage, or from two low to Ace high as in Bridge, it is possible to calculate the rank of a card from its position in the P\$ array.

For example, using the third definition of P\$ above, LET R = INT( $(\mathrm{I}+3) / 4)$ would give R the value 1 when I was $1,2,3$ or 4 (i.e., for an Ace), 2 when I was 5 , 6,7 or 8 (i.e., a Deuce), etc.

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Send SAE for details to:-
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Sweeting Street, Liverpool 2.


## ULTIMATE ULTIMAX

In Las Vegas everybody's talking about the Ulitimax, Commodore's new games machine. This $\$ 149.95$ system has a higher specification than the VIC-20, which is twice the price. We can expect it in Europe in the summer with a price tag of around E99.
The Ultimax is a programmable colour computer which connects directly to the TV. It has a membrain keyboard, like the ZX81, and can be programmed in Basic. It uses both plug in cartridges not VIC 20 compatible - and cassettes, and uses some of the VIC 20 peripherals - like joysticks, paddies and light pens. It does not have any expansion parts, and is not planned to take any communication, disc or printer peripherals.

It has a polyphonic sound generator, and an overlay keyboard turns it into an electronic organ similar to Casio's early VL-Tones.

Commodore have signed an agreement with Bally to transfer some of their arcade games to VIC 20 and Ulitmax cartridges. Uitimax has a resolution at least twice that of the VIC 20 , with a 40 column by 25 row character screen.

The VIC 20 has some exciting new programs, including VIC Avenger, a copy of the original arcade game, Slots - which is a very realistic slot machine, Poker, Jupiter Lander, Super Alien, Midnight Drive and Magic Mouse.

An 8 K memory expander and a cheap modem ( $\$ 109$ ) have also been released for the VIC 20 . It now has a big brother, the VIC 20 16 which has a 16 K memory as standard. Also introduced is the Commodore 64 , a 64 K colour computer that looks just like the VIC 20, has a 40 column screen, runs all VIC peripherals and all Ultimax cartridges. This is priced at $\$ 595$ - say $£ 395$ when it eventually reaches the home market.


## ALL AT YOUR FINGERTIPS

The Texas Touch and Tell is a game based on the original Speak and Spell. This one is aimed at younger children, and instead of a keyboard, a series of overlays present pictures, letters, numbers and shapes.
The machine then asks the player to touch the appropriate drawing and responds accordingly. With the success of the Speak and Spell, and its other systems like the Little Professor, Texas Instruments is going all

## TIGER'S NEW GAME PLAN

One company that made its debut in 1981 was Tiger Electronic Toys. Their systems are just available in the UK.
They have introduced some hand held games which include a bui.t-in clock. The models have animated figures and the L.C.D. displays use multi-coloured graphics. They also have sound effects.

Caveman involves getting a lit-

## C $=$ commodore COMPUTER



out for the educational game market.
A new cheaper Speak and Spell - the Compact - has just been introduced and costs only $\$ 45$.
Texas Instruments have also introduced 26 new software packages for the $99 / 4$ computer. These include: TI. Invaders; Car Wars; Adventure; Munch Man; Speak and Spell and Speak and Math; lots of educational soft. ware; and business aids.
tie caveman past a ravenous dinosaur which is between you and the cave. Just to make life interesting you also have to dodge random lightning bolts.
King Kong involves saving a lady held captive by- a giant gorilla on top of the Empire State Building. In Space Flight you defend your space fleet from the invaders.

Monster Maze has joystick control and full colour animation and involves avoiding a monster whilst getting to the centre. Finally. Dragon involves saving maidens from a tower while at the same time avoiding a fire breathing dragon.

Tiger also, have a couple of educational games based around their K-Z-8 talking learning computer. These cartridges now consist of subjects such as geography and grammar. They have also introduced a talking picture book which looks very similar to the Texas Instruments Teach and Tell.

## NOW WATCH

 THIS SPACEGeneral Consumer Electronics have looked around for some novel games to bring to the market. They have succeeded with a new range of wrist watch size games.

Arcade Time has Hyperblast, Planet Raiders, Galaxy Gunner and Cosmic Clash; Game Time has Firing Squad, Missile Strike, Alien Assautt and Blast Away: whilst Sports Time has Football, Basketball and Soccer. They also tell the time!

The animated LED displays occupy an area of just $1^{\prime \prime} \times 1^{\prime \prime}$.
Casio introduced a whole range of calculators that sing, tell fortunes, play games, tell the time
and even calculate! They included a calculator that sounds like ten different instruments; a calculator that is really a miniature player piano that can store up to 240 notes and then play them back automatically; one that has three different games, and one that simulates a boxing ring.
The MG777 has three built in games in addition to the usual calculating facilities. The games include Digicube, Digislot and Trackdown. Digicube is quite difficult, and involves getting all nine squares filled up with a preset number, in a preset number of moves.

Each press of a key adds one to the randomly arranged sequence. Digislot is a slot machine game and Trackdown involves


Pictured is the U.S. Games Corp's tabletop arcade game Super Football. This game is based on American footbail.
following lighted squares on the keyboard. Model B68 has a built in boxing ring when the game is activated two boxers appear in the display area of the unit.

It is up to the user to knock out the contender by pressing various keys on the calculator. As both fighters exchange punches, the unit automatically keeps score.

PINBALI IS BACK III STYIE

See me, feel me, touch me. hear me! demand the loud, flashy machines which have quietly found their way back to their traditional haunts in pubs and arcades. Pinball is back brighter and brasher than ever.
The video boom almost wiped out this denizen of the amusement palaces - but behind the scenes the pinball makers were working out a way to beat Space Invaders and video machines at their own games.

Aided by the microprocessor. a new generation of "pins" were born. And now you'll believe that pinball can talk! They challenge, encourage and even insult the player using a wide vocabulary of electronic utterances.
Between the Xenon machines' sensuous tones that invite you to. "Try me again", to the Medusa's fierce "Challenge the Medusa!" there are a variety of words and phrases the dedicated pinball player can wring from his favourite machine.
But how did pinball bounce back? Computer and Video Games visited the Wembley headquarters of Bally Conti-

nental - one of the big three pinball manufacturers and distributors. There we talked to David Adams, managing director of Bally's operation in this country.
"The video boom gave pinball a shot in the arm." Adams told us. "It encouraged the evolution of the machines.
"I've been in the business 20 years and it's incredible the way they have developed. The new games are tremendous -quality-wise and player-wise.
"Three years back, arcade managers were taking out their pinball machines and replacing

them with video games. Now there's a shift back to pinball. One of the first machines Bally produced in their fight against the video games was cheekily called Space Invader - and it produced sounds just like the video game of the same name.
"Kids get to a certain level on a video machine. Say they score 10,000 points every time on their favourite machine, and they keep on scoring 10,000 points. They get so good that they become bored with it.
"With pinball, no two games are the same. They could score 10,000 one game and an embarrassingly low score the next time they play. They keep coming back to play again to beat the machine."

He adds that pinball designers now concentrate on building more features into machines to test the skills of the players.

Features like captive balls only released when targets are hit in the correct sequence. multi-level playfields and skill shots which send the players' scores soaring.

There are machines which send several balls rocketing down the playfield at the player during a game - just to keep him on his toes.
With the voice, revamped sounds and lights and the skill features these new pinball machines are in good shape to give the video games tough competition in the arcades, claims Adams.
"Pinball is always going to have knocks. It's seen it all
before. There's always going to be pinball."
TARCETS ${ }^{\text {The }}$ nen mew TO TEST neon-bright pinbali machines have plenty of surprises in store for the uninitiated who step up to sample their delights.
Experienced players like to see ingenuity used in the design of the machines. Multiball features are a big favourite - but tests of skill, in whatever form they appear on the playfield, are essential if a pinball is going to be a winner.
Players also like to get clear instructions on the machines about target sequences or bonus features and how they can get them. On some
machines you can simply bash the ball around the playfield and not know why lights are flashing or if you've collected bonus points.

Players face a real challenge if they step up to one of Bally's latest pinball creations calied Centaur. This sinister looking machine - it is resplendent in horror show black and white artwork - is packed with skill features.

Unique to the machine is a feature called equitable multiball. What that means is that each player has to build up his own store of balls for multiball play, getting no advantage from the skills of a previous player.

The play centres around releasing captive balls. This is achieved by hitting a config. uration of targets with O.R.B.S. lettering.

Hit in sequence these release a captive ball. Hit out of sequence they store up a number of possible captive multiballs in the machines memory - to a maximum of four.
These can be release by shooting the right passageway when it is lit.

The Centaur also has one other disconcerting feature it plays itself. When no-one has approached its coin-slot for what it regards as an unfriendly length of time it blasts out five balls and sends them rocketing around its own playfield - just to get a bit of attention.

If this singular machine's nipper buttons are pressed when the game is over it speaks out - listing its skill features to anyone who will listen while colour coded lights flash in unison.

Elektra is another Bally machine soon to be seen in the arcades. This has a novel three level playfield - with a mini-

field at its heart. This can only be reached by collecting Elektra "time-units" on the upper levels.

It has two captive balls - on the top and second levels which are released after targets are hit in the correct sequence. Once on the mini-field players can earn up to 195 thousand points on its bonus features.
Multiple filppers feature on Bally's Medusa game which has a two-level playfield. It also has a useful shield post located between the lower flippers which - if you've buitt up enough bonus points - enables you to save a doomed ball with a touch of a button. It also laughs at you when you lose a ball - which can be very irritating!

THE BHE THRE TABLE TOPPERS

The big three pinball makers are all American - Bally, Gottlieb and Williams, with a fourth, Stern taking some of the market. There is also a Spanish manufacturer - but their products are specifically for that country.
The biggest market for pinballs is - of course - in the USA. Germany and France are also pinball provinces as is Italy. In comparison, Britain is still a small market for the machine makers.
Bally - based in Chicago has a large design team working on new themes and designs for its products.

Prototype designs are tested on site before the pinball factories swing into production of a new model. One of the new microprocessor models would cost the buyer around $£ 1,000$ - but second-hand models can be picked up for around $£ 300$. Older, electro-mechanical models can be found for less.

HOW THEIn its late 50s heyday, pinball was a really simple machine GaME OF with a few pot-bumpers and a couple of nippers, completed by one-dimensional artwork on the playfield and backsplash.

Inside it was full of electromechanical levers and switches - a real plumber's nightmare. These machines are now collectors' items and Bally often get requests for parts and spares for vintage machines from pinball enthusiasts.

Nowadays pinballs are controlled by a microprocessor

like the Motorola 6800 which masterminds absolutely everything.

One of the most successful companies, Bally, claims it will be changing this microprocessor soon in order to cut down on the number of matrix boards inside the machines.
Artwork is now a big feature
playing
Microcomputers have taken pinball out of the arcade and given it a screen image. Now that colour has become an integral part of so many home computers, the game can be brought to life in your own living room. It can still be an exhilarating game although the action bears little resemblance to the feel of a buzzing machine beneath your outstretched fingers.
Computers do have certain advantages, however and Tandy has brought out an exciting innovation for its TRS-80 Colour Computer ver-

of the pinball with elaborate designs decorating the backsplash - the artwork on the machine's scoreboard - and playfield.

Bally produced a machine called Lost World with an Adventure/Fantasy theme and received orders for the backsplash alone for people to hang on their walls. Some were stolen from exhibition stands.

What will the future offer? Yet more mind-boggling play; fields and tests of the players' skill. One of the newest machines, yet to be seen in arcades, is the Vector.

This has a shooter lane which fires the ball out at an angle onto the lower playfield - if you are lucky or skifful enough it whips up a chute to the top level.

## sion of the game.

This cartridge will allow the player to design his own table.

He decides how many flippers in each game, where they should be positioned and the degree of difiliculty involved in the game.

In the past computerised pinball games have failen short of the areade machines but this now seems to be changing.

Computerised pinball is represented on the screen in several ways. As a table layout, complete with mushroom shaped bumpers with the different scores marked on them, gates which open and close at random intervals and bats which represent the pinball table's nippers.
Most of the games have sound effects which enhance
play and, depending on the version of pinball, the player is given a different number of balls with which to bump up his score.

Pinball is also available on television games centres. although they are not the most popular of the range. Philips has a version for the G7000. ACE does a pinball game for the Acetronic MPU 1000, and Voltmace produces one for the Database games centre.
BASTER The T.I. 99/4a computer also BLASTER DOWN TO Z:RO has a pinball cartridge similar to the Tandy version giving a custom-designed game. This is called Zero Zap. You have to set up your own field positioning on it diamonds and crosses to increase your chances of scoring points. This game differs from the original arcade game because you have to aim an arrow which you control at a target, either diamonds or crosses, and fire. When you score a direct hit the diamonds change into crosses, and vice versa.
One of the best standard computerised pinhall games is an American one on sale in the UK. It has the memorable name Raster Blaster and is available through Apple soffware dealers including Zynar and SBD Software of Richmond. Pat Salt of Zynar said: "It's really pretty good. Of the pinball machines I have played I think Raster Blaster is as good if not better than some in arcades."
"The flippers in arcade games haven't always worked when you want them to, or as quickly. With Raster Blaster they are very prompt and easy to control and handle."

Other computers are wellcatered for on the pinball front, as well. Cassettes ranging in price from 84.50 up to top-of-the-range dises with sophisticated sounds and graphics in the $£ 16$ range, are proving popular with software buyers, as the home market follows the arcade trend.



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## BY MOIRA NORRIE <br> VARIABIE VALUES ... <br> There are many occasions when <br> overwriting the old value of $\AA$

it is desirable to perform a calculation in a program without immediately printing the result. It may be that the value produced is only an intermediate value in some calculation, or, the value is to be stored for use later in the program - it would be wasteful to perform the calculation more than once.

The LET statement is used to allocate a value to a variable. The general format of the LET statement is
<line no.> LET <variable> $=$ <arith. expr.>

The operation of the LET statement can be described as follows: the arithmetic expression on the right of the " $=$ " is evaluated; the resulting value is then assigned to the variable on the left of the " $=$ ". Assume that $\alpha$ program has three variables A, B and C. At some point in the execution of the program A has the value $2, \mathrm{~B}$ has the value 5 and C has the value 3.5 . If the next statement is:
80 LET S $=A+B+C$
then after this statement has been executed, the value of variable S will be 10.5 and the values of A, B and C, will be unchanged.

If the computer now encounters:
90 LET $A=A+1$
then the following sequence of events occurs:
the computer first looks up the current value of A and finds " 2 ", this value will be copied into the part of the computer that performs arithmetic; it then adds on " 1 " to get the value " 3 " for the arithmetic expression. On examination of the variable name on the left of the " $=$ " it stores the value " 3 " for A - thus
with the new value.

The statement:
90 LET $\mathrm{A}=\mathrm{A}+1$
therefore means, increment the value of $\AA$ by 1 .

Last month, I gave an example of a program to count the number of words with four letters that were typed in. In that program, I used a statement similar to the one above to increment the count each time a four-letter word is input.

Another common use of the LET statement to update the value of $a$ variable, is the idea of maintaining a "running total" in a program. I will now look at an example of a program that uses this technique.
A football team wants a program to calculate their average crowd attendance in a season of 40 games. The outline of the program would be:
running total $=0$
repeat 40 times
input no. in crowd
let running total $=$ running total + no. in crowd
end repeat
let average $=$ running total $/ 40$ print results
In many versions of Basic, the first line is not essential since all variables are assigned the value " 0 " initially. When a variable is used as a count or a running total, a vital part of the logic of the program is that the variable should be initialised to " 0 " - it is a matter of convenience that most versions of Basic automatically perform the initialisation for us. Although the calculation of the average could be included in the Print statement, I shall put it in a separate LET statement so that the Print statement is less cumbersome.

## AVOIDING MISTAKES

10 REM CALCULATE AVERAGE 20 REM CROWD ATTENDANCE 30 FOR I = 1 TO 40
40 INPUT N
50 LET T $=$ T + N
60 NEXT I
70 LET A $=\mathrm{T} / 40$
80 PRINT "AVERAGE CROWD ATTENDANCE $=$ ";:A 90 END
Even this simple program could be extended. One improvement would be the use of printing messages to tell the user what the format of the data typed in should be. Examples of this were introduced last month. Another improvement would be the inclusion of data checks.
1 am sure you are all well aware of how easy it is to make typing mistakes. A great problem in computing is the detection of such errors in the data. Some errors are very difficult to detect - for example, someone might type their age as " 22 " instead of " 33 " - however, others are easier to detect - for example, a person typing their age as " 322 " lies outside the possible range of values.
Let's assume in my previous example that the maximum crowd that the ground could hold is 20,000 . Then the value of N should lie in the range 0 to 20,000 . The section inside the FOR loop could be extended to

## 40 INPUT N

44 IF N $<0$ THEN 54
48 IF $\mathrm{N}>20000$ THEN 54
50 LET T $=\mathrm{T}+\mathrm{N}$

52 GOTO 60
54 PRINT "ERROR - PLEASE RETYPE"
56 GOTO 40
A further check is that N should be an integer value. This can be done using the function INT - INT(N) returns the integer part of N .
If N has an integer value, then $\operatorname{INT}(N)$ will equal $N$. I can therefore introduce one more statement in the loop: 42 IF N $<>$ INT(N) THEN 54
For reasons of brevity, I am unable to include all these data checks in my sample programs.

## Common USAEE

I have already used the functions INT and RND in the series. A number of commonly used functions are available in Basic as standard functions. This saves the programmer having to write his own programs (or parts of programs) to evaluate such functions. The standard functions provided will often depend upon the power of the version of Basic.

In the table, I have listed the most common standard functions and briefly described their use. As many of them are mathematical, I can only suggest that you ignore those you don't understand!

Wherever the function operates on a value - enclosed in brackets after the function name - that value may be given as a constant, a variable or an expression. For example:

## $\operatorname{INT}(6=\mathrm{RND}+1)$

LEN("CAT")
Note that brackets are not required after the function name on the Sinclair ZX81.


However, you should include them in any programs you write. Don't assume that someone running your program won't make mistakes or deliberately try to sabotage your program!
The IF statement tests whether a specified condition is true. So far, the conditions have been simple in that they only involved one test. For example:
$\mathrm{N}<0$
or $\mathrm{N}<>\mathbb{I N T}(\mathbb{N})$

## CONDITIONS

It is possible to have more complex conditions that involve a combination of simple conditions. This is particularly useful when testing that a value lies in
a specified range. In my example, I had an error condition if either N was less than 0 or N was greater than 200000. This required two IF statements lines 44 and 48 of my program. It is possible to combine these into one IF statement:

## 45 IF $N<0$ OR $N>20000$ THEN 54

Thus, simple conditions can be combined using "OR" to form complex conditions. If any of the simple conditions are true, then the whole complex condition will be true and a jump will be made to the given statement.

It is also possible to check that a number of conditions are all true by combining them 'with 'AND' in a single IF statement.
115 IF NS = "SMITH" AND $A=20$ THEN 200
could be used to identify persons with the name SMITH and age 20.

## तडा बsit SYSTEMS SUMMMARY <br> When moving to $\alpha$ new computer

 system, or converting programs from one system to another, it is useful to have a summary of the main features of the version of Basic used.In each future issue, I will provide a reference table for one particular system. The table will outline the main differences between standard Basic and the version used on that system. It is envisaged that most of the popular systems will be included. Next month, I will start by looking at the Sinclair ZX81.


TO SCROLL OR NOT SCROLL
What is the best way to use the screen to display your adventure? Sooner or later in writing an adventure you must decide whether to use the conversational scrolling technique or a whole screen approach.

The disadvantage of scrolling becomes obvious when the player has to recall details of his location, which can soon become tiresome. As soon as the machine reply is decided it may be screened with $\alpha$ PRINT statement, and the program looped back to the INPUT line.

However, I prefer to clear the screen and redisplay the location details together with the machine's reply. In my opinion this gives a more polished appearance to the game, the player having more relevant information displayed at any one time.

It is also useful to display the
player's last command - if the computer's reply is a bit mystifying he can check what it was responding to, a typing error maybe?

If the screen is cleared when INPUT is received, and PRINT statements executed as each piece of information to be displayed is available, the presentation will look very jerky, leaving the player in a state of nerves waiting for the whole thing to crash! This can be avoided if all the replies are assigned to variables and only when all are set is the screen cleared. All these variables can now be screened at once, providing a smooth change and giving the illusion of speed, since the screen is never really blank.

Using Q1\$ for the reply, the lines 3000 to 3050 described last month will look like:
3030 LET Q1 $\$=$ TMPOSSIBLE' : GOTO 100

Between lines 100 and 150 we will insert some IF statements later. Using OT\$ and OW\$ for the objects, display coding will now look like this:

100 REM start of main loop 150 LET OTS $={ }^{\circ} \cdot{ }^{\circ}$ : LET OWS $=$
160 FOR I = 0 TO 3: IP P (I) = LN THEN LET OWSI $=$ OS(1) +

190 IF rmiocsi tmiows (no of characters per line on the screen) THEN L.ET OSS $=$ OSS+OWS ELSEIF LEN(OTS) renvow'si -tro of cirars THEN LET OTS $=$ OTS OWS.
71 REM to prevent objoct llats wrapping round
180 (clear screen) :PRINT LSLLN) : IF LENOSS) $>12$ THEN PRINT OSS: IF LEN(OWS) o then pphti ows it LEN(OTS) $>0$ THEN PRINT OTS
90 PRINT "YOU TOLD ME TO" RIS IT LEN(QIS) 20 THEN PRINT Q1S : IF LEN(Q2\$) $>0$ THEN PRINT Q2S
91 REM only print repl es that exist

REM set replies to nuil for next time round 210 TNPUT His : REM continue with next command

DUNGEON
intelligence, intuition, slrength, constitution, dexterity and eqo.
These all have a hearing on the outcome of future actions. You are now invited to bid for weaponry and armour which come in different shapes and sizes, and for staves and elixirs.
This tumis into a real bartering session, whith a very realislic simulafion you will need yout wits about you to obtain what you need at the lowest possible price. It you offer an insumingly low price, the chantets are you with gel an equaliy insuliting reply'

When fully equipped you are asked which level of the dungeon you wish to enter. Data lolluwed hy a second program - The Dungeon Master - is automaticality loaded, all previous data being preserved turing this luad.

You are now in the dungeon, your immedfitte envirans being displayed graphically alongside such detalls.
as: faligue, wounds, room number. You must explore the dungeon, seeking out secret doors and traps, arradinty ur kimhty imponsturs enfroute whilst collecting treasures.

This is where familiarity with the command codes is usefui - hang around too lent and the gitut podt Ant or the Great Tick will get yout

Should you be lucky enough to get your treasures back to the inn before glies the Buratl entehes your, ther can be exchanged for gold. You can then input your latesi experience level and attributes back into the lankeeper program, ant start tht again towards another more difficult level.

Altogether a very deep game, and cteverty written, It should please Dungean \& Dragons fans and Advanturers alike.

Many thanks to Allgray for the review tapo, and to Mark Jenkins for initiating me into 080, tatore tackled this game!

# Make the most of your Sinclair ZX Computer... Sinclair ZX software on cassette. £3. $\mathbf{- 5}_{\text {per cassette. }}$ 

The unprecedented popularity of the ZX Series of Sinclair Personal Computers has generated a large volume of programs written byusers

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Although primarily designed for the Sinclair ZX81, many of the cassettes are suitable for running on a Sinclair ZX80-if fitted with a replacement 8 K BASICROM.

Some of the more elaborate programs can be run only on a Sinclair ZX Personal Computer augmented by a 16 K -byte add-on RAM pack

This RAM pack and the replacement ROM are described below. And the description of each cassette makes it clear what hardware is required.

## 8K BASICROM

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METEORS-your starship is cruising through space when you meet a meteor storm. How long can you dodge the deadly danger?

LIFE-J.H.Conway's 'Game of Life' has achieved tremendous popularity in the computing world. Study the life, death and evolution patterns of cells.

WOLFPACK - your naval destroyer is on a submarine hunt. The depth charges are armed, but must be fired with precision.

GOLF-what's your handicap? It's a tricky course but you control the strength of your shots.

## Cassette 2-Junior

Education: 7-11-year-olds For ZX8I with 16 K RAM pack CRASH-simple addition-with the added attraction of a car crash if you get it wrong.

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TRAIN-multiplication tests against the computer. The winner's train reaches the station first.

FRACTIONS-fractions explained at three levels of difficulty. A ten-question test completes the program.

ADDSUB-addition and subtraction with threc levels of difficulty. Again, wrong answers are followed by an explanation.

DIVISION - with five levels of difficulty. Mistakes are explained graphically, and a running score is displayed.

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## Cassette 4-Games

For ZX81 (and ZX80 with 8 K BASIC ROM and 16 K RAM pack

LUNAR LANDING-bring the lunar module down from orbit to a soft landing. You control attitude and orbital direction-but watch the fuel gauge! The screen displays your flight status-digitally and graphically.

TWENTYONE-a dice version of Blackiack.

COMBAT-you're on a suicide space mission. You have only 12 missiles but the aliens have unlimited strength. Can you take 12 of them with you?

SUBSTRIKE- on patrol, your frigate detects a pack of 10 enemy subs. Can you depth-charge them before they torpedo you?

CODEBREAKER-the
computer thinks of a 4 -digit number which you have to guess in up to 10 tries. The logical approach is best!

MAYDAY - in answer to a distress call, you've narrowed down the search area to 343 cubic kilometers of deep space. Can you find the astronaut before his life-support system fails in 10 hours time?

Cassette 5-Junior
Education: 9-11-year-olds
For ZX81 (and ZX80 weith 8 K BASICROM)

MATHS-tests arithmetic with three levels of difficulty, and gives your score out of 10 .

BALANCE-tests understanding of levers/fulcrum theory with a series of graphic examples.

VOLUMES - 'yes' or 'no' answers from the computer to a series of cube volume calculations.

AVERAGES-what's the average height of your class? The average shoe size of your family? The average pocket money of your friends? The computer plots a bar chart, and distinguishes MEAN fromMEDIAN

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## Built: £69.95

## Kit or built -it's up to youl

You'll be surprised how easy the ZX81 kit is to build: just four chips to assemble (plus, of course the other discrete components) - a few hours' work with a fine-tipped soldering iron. And you may already have a suitable mains adaptor -600 mA at 9 V DC nominal unregulated (supplied with built version).

Kit and built versions come complete with all leads to connect to your TV (colour or black and white) and cassette recorder.



## E SOFTWARE SOFTWARE SOFTWARE SOFTWARE SOF



## ROMAN AROUND IN ANCIENT "BRIGHTON"

England has always been a difficult country to conquer but Julius Caesar was one of the few foreign leaders to do so.
During his governorship of Gaul he invaded Britain with 600 transports carrying an army of five legions and over 1,000 cavalry. Sharpsoft of London has brought out a game which makes the player reenact the strategy he employed to wage war against Britain.

If Sharpsoft had spelt the name of the game correctly it would have added more credence to the "Caesar's Invasion of Britain", which ultimately turned out to be worth sticking with.
"Caesar's Invasion of Brighton" (he didn't aim high to start with) is an adventure game in which your job is to capture the stronghold of Cassivellaunus, a Celtic leader, and return safely to your ships.
At the beginning of the game you are


## SOLAR <br> STRATEGY CHMAlG DITEX

This battle for control of a solar system relies on more than just reactions and a fast finger on the fire button.

The object of this dull but very addictive game is to colonize a solar system or free it from the Kzintis-depending on your point of view. It is a difficult game to master and requires strategic thinking as well as tactical manoeuvres and rapid reflexes.

Control of your ship is via the keyboard, and requires quick thinking when under attack from Kzinti ships. You also control your Torps and Phasers from the
keyboard, and accuracy in aiming is most important.

It took me about 10 plays before I could hope to win a battle. After that I won about $70 \%$ of the time, but I have not yet conquered the whole solar system.

The display is nice, showing each planet in a distinctive way, and the scale has been well chosen to allow you to get lost, but not too often. Another nice feature is the ability to specify various parameters such as number of Kzinti ships in each attack, speed and effectiveness of Torps, and other vital items.

Beaming armies up and down between ship and planet is an added complication which I enjoyed but it is tedious in the early stages.

Recommended to all committed space war enthusiasts with time to spare!

Galactic Attack runs on a 48 K Apple under DOS 3.3 or Pascal, costs $£ 17.55$ and is available from Woodland Software.

## A MISSION TO WARP YOUR MIND Hifysion

If Galaxians and Space Invaders caused you headaches, Threshold will give you migraine. It is one of the most compulsive games I have come across since green meanies and winged creatures first flew onto my screen.

Each time you successfully destroy one wave of invaders, a different breed of creature attacks.
You get five ships fully equipped with Delta class lasers to blast the aliens, but you must take care hot to run out of fuel by firing too many missiles.

Also at your disposal is a hyper warp drive which slows down the alien action for a few seconds. But because of the power consumed during its use you can only activate it once.

The first onslaught of aliens
are bat like creatures. These are followed by Galaxian types which plummet in a kamikaze style dive towards your ship.

The third type of alien looks more like a member of the fish family and swims across the screen above your ship.

Your five ships are lined up on the right hand side of the screen, and when play begins the engines start to rev up.

Sheer compulsion apart, the game boasts imaginative graphics and sound effects.

Because of the proliferation of aliens, points are quite easy to score and you also get bonus ships after notching up 50,000 points, 100,000 points.

Well worth spending the £19.95 on Threshold for your Apple II (48K). Richmond based S.B.D. Software is the supplier.

## TAKE A SPIN DOWN THE ALLEY

## IENPIN

Tenpin bowling must be one of the last sports which would seem suitable for computerisation.
It says a lot for computer games designers that they have come up with a version which recreates the need for a good eye and judgement, and still manages to be entertaining.
The screen shows the tenpin lane from the viewpoint of the bowler, with the machinery, and the 10 pins that are to be knocked over in the distance.
The rules of tenpin bowling are simple, but for those not familiar with them, adequate instructions are included with the program.

A ball is rolled down an alley with the aid of the computer's two arrow keys and the space bar. Markings, a third of the way down the alley, assist in aiming the ball, and a spin can be given to the ball any time up to it reaching these markings. A game consists of 10 frames per person, you are allowed up to two balls per frame to knock down the 10 pins. The computer keeps your score, and displays this, together with any "strikes" or "spares" (knocking over all 10 pins with one or two balls respectively) at the end of the lane, to the left of the pins. To the right of the pins is shown a plan view of the pins remaining standing.
At the end of the game the scores for each player is shown and you have the option of taking part in another game.

There can be between 1 and 4 players and the game has the added effect of sound available through an amplifier.
As usual the Tandy graphics are a limiting factor with this simulation, though not as seriously in this game as in others, and should not spoil the enjoyment. A more serious problem is the fact that the ordinary user would find it difficult to take a backup copy of the program.

Distributor Molimerx is to be

a copy be spoiled, a new one would be provided, but it would have been nice to have the facility (such as there is on the original adventure game) to make one Molimerx for the Tandy TRS-80, Models I and III and Video Genie, models I and II. The tape version costs $£ 10.93$ and the disc version, £14.95.

## AIMAZING JOURNEY THROUGH PREHISTORY

## Wandering around the fairground

 sitieshows, I heard a busker enticing the crowd to roll-up and see the prehistoric monster.I paid up and entered the tent, only to be enveloped in a grey mist which transported me back into the era of that mightiest of beasts, Tyrannosaurus Rex.
Exploring tentatively, I stopped at an intersection and looked around me. Then came the sound of approaching footsteps. I ran, turning this way and that but there, looming above me, was the dreaded monster. The huge jaws opened to reveal his great teeth. I could just make out something inside, I started to read: "You have been posthumously awarded 130 points and sentenced to roam the maze forever. If you wish to appeal, press 'stop' else press 'cont'" I pressed cont . . I might get out this time.
30 Monster Maze, is the best game I have seen for the Sinclair ZX81.
The grey and black walls of the maze provide the 3D effect and - the graphics make Tyran-

## BD MONSTIER MATE

nosaurus Rex look suitably frigh tening as it paces toward you. The maze corridors are constantly changing as you press the 5,7 or 8 keys to walk forward or turn the corners. There is a way out of the maze but I have only managed to find it twice. If you do manage to exit then your score is increased accordingly. It would be nice to have a high score facility included in the program, though.
The play can be speeded up or slowed down if you alter the listing slightly. Instructions on how to do this are included in the notes supplied with the cassette. I have found myself wandering around the maze with the monster lying in wait, somewhere and not wanting to come out. It does give you a chance to find the exit, but it does take away some of the fun. This did not happen very often though. This program then can be highly recommended and is available for a 16 K ZX81 from J . K. Greye Software on its games tape 4 and costs $£ 5.95$.

## SPADE AND SHOVEL WORK <br> 

A monster infested maze is the playground for a defensive deathgame.
The only way to survive in Alien is to dig holes at strategic spots in the labyrinth. When one of the killer red aliens falls into your trap, you can finish him off by quickly filling it in
Using the keyboard controls this game is awkward to play joysticks are better. The keys to operate your man are bunched together and to move him up, down, left or right needs some getting used to.

It's impossible to get around this by using two fingers from each hand to manoeuvre the man about because you must work the ' $A$ ' and ' $D$ ' keys to activate the digging action with your left hand.
Points are scored by killing off the aliens, but it varies randomly. sometimes it could be 200, sometimes 300.

Alien requires concentration to work out the best places to dig your holes without hemming you in (you could be devoured by a monster). Don't dig holes which are too far apart. If you have a long way to move your man into position by the time you reach the hole containing the floundering monster it will be too late. He only remains vulnerable for a few seconds.
Not one of the most graphically exciting of games for the VIC-20 from Commodore but will keep you busy for a while. Price £19.95 from VIC software dealers.


## Micro-Gen

## JOYSTICKS FOR THE ZX81 AS SEEN AT THE ZX MICROFAIR


#### Abstract

* THE MOST EXCITING DEVELOPMENT EVER FOR THE ZX81 * TURNS YOUR ZX81 INTO A TRUE PROGRAMMABLE GAMES MACHINE * FREE YOURSELF OF THAT DEAD, UNRESPONSIVE KEYBOARD * PLAY INTERACTIVE GAMES WITH IMMEDIATE RESPONSE * CONTROLLER BOARD FITS INBETWEEN THE RAM PACK AND THE ZX81 (NO SKILL IS REQUIRED TO MAKE THIS CONNECTION AND IT ACTUALLY IMPROVES THE STABILITY OF THE RAM PACK) * UP TO 2 JOYSTICKS MAY BE ATTACHED TO THE CONTROLLER BOARD SO ALLOWING 2 PLAYERS TO PLAY GAMES AGAINST ONE ANOTHER * THIS ADD-ON EXTENDS THE CAPABILITY OF THE MACHINE - IMAGINE THE TREMENDOUS VARIETY OF GAMES THAT NOW BECOME POSSIBLE - DETAILS SUPPLIED ON HOW TO USE THE JOYSTICK IN YOUR OWN PROGRAMMES For the games presently available you will require a controller board, price: $£ 19.50$ and 1 joystick, price: $£ 9.60$. Please add $£ 0.80$ p\&p. Games available (many more to follow, especially 2 player games) ZX Space Invaders + Space Maze $£ 6.95+40 \mathrm{p}$ p\&p. ZX Breakout $£ 4.50+40$ p p\&p.


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IMAGES ON AN APPLE
The high-resolution graphics facilities of the Apple can be used to create and manipulate shapes. This can be done on any microcomputer with highresolution graphics.

However, on the Apple, shapes can be represented and stored in a special way so that they may be drawn, erased and transformed more quickly than is possible with other micros. Animation using high-resolution images can be achieved much more realistically and impressively on the Apple than on any other machine.

The way in which images have to be stored when using the Apple appears rather awkward at first, but in fact it is no more difficult than any other way of Fig. 3

representing and storing an image and is soon mastered.

If you want to achieve realistic animation, the effects that the Apple can give are amazing. No system which relies on Basic alone, possessing no comparable special features, gives anywhere near the same speed of execution.

Of course, if you are more interested in creating graphics than in looking at them, you may feel that the Apple makes it too easy by doing all the interesting work, but then you don't have to
use the special features.
The facilities needed by $\alpha$ programmer to create graphic effects are all available, and the user who wants to do so can create his own graphics system.*

The first diagram shows how a shape is represented, so that it can be stored and the special Applesoft commands can then be used to draw and transform it.

The simple bat shape shown in (a) is decomposed into simple vectors which all have the same length but which point north, south, east or west, as in (b). The vectors making up the shape are then "unwrapped" as in (c) and are then coded. The coding table is
 and the order
in which the vectors are coded and written down is shown in (e). The coded form of the shape is to be stored in eight-bit memory locations. Since the code for each vector has three binary digits, two codes can be stored in each location while the remaining pair of binary digits in each location are both zeros as shown in (e). The resulting table of binary digits is given as ( f ).

In $(\mathrm{g})$ this table has been translated to hexadecimal and given a header and an end marker, and this is the shape table which represents the bat shape.

The shape table can be loaded into any convenient part of the memory where it will not be over-written, and the address at


Fig. 2



Fig. 1
which it starts should be placed in the locations with hexadecimal addresses E8 and E9.

When a shape is stored in this way, the following commands can be used.

DRAW 1 AT X, Y draws shape number 1 in the shape table starting at the screen location in column X and row Y . XDRAW 1 AT X. Y similarly erases a shape.
ROT $=\mathrm{N}$ causes $\alpha$ shape to be rotated clockwise according to the value of $\mathrm{N} . \mathrm{N}=\mathrm{O}$ gives no rotation, while $\mathrm{N}=16$ gives $a$ rotation of 90 degrees. In this way, N gives the rotation in units of approximately six degrees.
SCALE $=\mathrm{M}$ causes scaling. $\mathrm{M}=$ 1 gives reproduction at the original size; $M=2$ doubles the size by doubling the length of each vector in the shape. The maximum value for M is 255 .

With these commands, animation can be achieved by repeatedly establishing a position, drawing the shape and then erasing it.
Figure two was produced by the program:
$10 \mathrm{HGR}: \mathrm{HCOLOR}=3$
20 FOR I $=1$ TO 3
$30 X=50 * 1: Y=100$
40 DRAW Î AT X, Y
50 NEXT I
Figure 3 resulted from:
10 HGR : $\mathrm{HCOLOR}=3$
20 ROT $=0:$ SCALE $=24$
$30 \mathrm{FORI}=1 \mathrm{TO}_{3}$
$40 \mathrm{X}=50 * \mathrm{I}: Y=70-15 \% \mathrm{~F}$
50 DRAW I AT X, Y
60 ROT $=64-3 * I:$ SCALE $=$ $24-4 * 1$
70 NEXT I

SOS Missile Command Multihead Destructors destroyed city SOS Missile Command Cluster Mines sighted SOS Missile Command Plasma Projectile assault SOS Missile Command. Satellite Bombs in range.. SOS Missile Command ...Megon Annihilator destroyed further city ...SOS


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The eurocard is $\alpha$ versatile aid to those of you building your own circuits. Unlike other types of matrix board it has been designed especially for the use of chips - but it can also be used for discrete components.
The eurocard comes in various sizes and designs depending on the supplier and the use to which it is to be put. Some types allow for an edge connector and others for rack mounting. The most commonly used by hobbyists just has a double row of holes at each end of the board to allow pins to be inserted and wired to.

The tracks, which run on both sides of the board, are designed to accept chip holders of any standard size. You should be prepared, however, to buy special wire-wrap holders if you are using chips with more than 20 pins, as these will take up all of the solder pads on some of the boards. It is possible, in this case, to solder wires on to the pins of the holder to make connections on the underside of the board, but this is not recommended.
Most boards have a pair of power lines which are placed conveniently across the top and bottom of the card where the chips are designed to go. By a single short link to the chip the necessity of individual wiring is done away with. Be certain though to make these connections to each chip first as it is possible to mistake later wiring for these.

If I am using one of the eurocards for a prototype circuit I lay it out in an orderly manner with chips evenly spaced across the board making it easy to see where I have already wired connections.
This, however, may not be possible with, say, a memory board which is required to fit into a very restricted space but may, nonetheless, have a large number of chips of various sizes.
For a low density card the
method of wiring can either be by soldering singleor multi-stranded, insulated conductor or by wire-wrapping using the special cable.
In the case of high density boards the most satisfactory means of making connections is to wire-wrap, and sometimes it is the only practicable method. The idea behind this process is that with extended pins on the chip holders the wire can be wound around, either manually or by the use of a hand tool, to make the connections.
It means that the holders, which previously had to be

spaced, can now be placed almost on top of each other, thus making the size of card required for the design much smaller, saving space and money.

## WRAPPITH TINTHS UP

There are, as I said, two slightly different methods of wirewrapping. The first, and easier, is to take a very light gauge insulated wire, strip it and wind it around the base of the pin. Do not wind over the top of a previous solder as you may need to unwrap it if you have gone wrong. Even so you should wind the wire around $\alpha$ minimum of three times, so that if there are more than two connections to be made on the same pin there is enough space left.

There is a tool specifically designed for this purpose, looking very much like an inverted needle. There are, however, a number of different models so try them before picking one.

Using the wire-wrap tool makes light work of an otten difficult job. The battery operated tool cuts the job time in half - if you know how to use it correctly.

The ided is to wrap an insulated wire around the pin at a very high speed but low torque. The square edges of the pin cut through the insulation and a cold forged weld is formed. This is a great improvement on the
soldered contact although the number of times you can remove the join to remake it is limited.
As with the other methods, the first connections made should be the power lines. You can then be sure that it is a chip that has gone down and not just lack of power.

It is a good idea to loom the power lines, as it is with data or address lines. That is to say, a single is taken from the power point on the card to the first pin, terminated, and then from that pin to the next, and so on and so forth across the board. Beware of over-loading the conductor if you are using too many chips, or high-powered ones.

Designing your own circuits, building them and getting them to work can be very rewarding. but unless you have an idea of how to go about it you can be stumped very easily. By choosing the right method you can cut out a large amount of the hassle involved. Experience will tell you which way is best.

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# Bringing computers to everyday life 



Four thieves broke into a bank and stole a number of bags of coins.

They decided to lay low for a while and hide in a wood. In the middle of the night one greedy thief woke up and decided to take his share of the loot.

He divided the bags into four equal piles and found he had one bag left over. So he took this spare bag and one of the piles and hid them away for himself.
Each thief in turn awoke and decided to take his share - not knowing some had already been taken - and each in turn found one spare bag, which they also kept, when dividing into four
equal piles.
In the morning they all awoke and divided the loot into four equal piles. This time it went exactly. Nobody commented on the diminished piles because they were all guilty.

They all then went their separate ways picking up their hidden loot on the way. When the last man to awake in the night counted his loot he found he had a multiple of 10 bags.

What was the smallest number of bags they could have stolen?
David Simmons, of Colborne Way, Worcester Park, Surrey and Mrs M. Dickson from Grove Avenue, South Kirkby are this month's champagne winners. Answers to March problems on page 9.

## NEVERA <br> Ciosswoil ACROSS <br> 1. Concerning advertisement just can't be edited $(4,4)$ 5. Nudge in the RAM (4) <br> 9. In which $0-9$ A - F says it all (3) 10. Asking about quinine R.G. Compound (9) <br> 11. Star games (9) 14. Headless feline print appendage (2) 15. Energetic pursuit of tail-less micro (2)


16. Programmed literature? $(1,5,5)$
19. White power leaders in office computer equipment (2)
20. Personal assertion in middle of time (2)
22. Stray labs confused laser output
$(3,5)$
24. Devoted as a slave peripheral (9)
26. Computers kit containing slalom equipment (3)
27. Bridge player in a stew (4)
28. Treasonable output (8)

## DOWN

2. Odds or their opposite (5)
3. $\operatorname{SIN}(X) * \operatorname{SIN}(X)+\operatorname{COS}(X) * * 2$ (3)
4. $£ 51$ on the palace display $(6,7)$
5. Charge on logical alternative constellation (5)
6. Northern genie mixed up the driving force (6)
7. Noisy plugs (4)
8. Bat round print position (3)
9. Ate up the anticipated advent (3)
10. Programming language on the back of the disk (2)
11. Allied Press paper contents (2)
12. Way amongst the deviations (3)
13. Print measures in the dodgem slots (3)
14. Restricted graphical view of a bawl on a squall (6)
15. Civil servant surrounds poetry such as ASCII and EBCIDC (5)
16. Have a care about a Grand Prix (4)
17. To know the reward from a fruit machine (5)
18. Pixel lady (3)


## ZX81-1K starter pack

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S.A.E. for details: HOPESOFT, Hope Cottage Winterboume, Newbury, Berks. RG16 888 .

ATOM Cambridge based Acorn Computers manufactures the Atom machine which has a memory capacity of 2 K , but it can be upgraded to 12 K .

It must be plugged into a television and is available in either kit form or ready built. As a kit it costs E 120 for the 2 K computer or £150 for the finished product. For a more powerful system, 12 K , the price stands at E220 (in kit) and £250 completed.

Acorn also makes the Systems 1, 2 and 3 which cost between £69 and £750.

APPLE The Apple has a solid software base for both business and entertainment applications. The machine comes with a memory capacity ranging from $8-48 \mathrm{~K}$. You can buy joysticks and paddles to plug in for use with computer games. Colour graphics can be used with a colour television.

The 48 K machine costs E 695 and is obtainable from Apple Computer U.K., formerly Microsense which is based in Hemel Hempstead, Hertfordshire.

ATARI 400/800 Most of the software for the Atari microcomputers are games or educational, with business applications only recently being introduced.

The basic 400 with 16 K RAM costs $£ 340$ direct from Atari's UK distributors, via London-based Ingersoll Electronics. The 32 K version sells for $\mathbf{~} 395$. Peripherals for the machines, like disc drive units and cassette recorders can also be obtained from Ingersoll for £325 and £45 respectively. The 800 is expandable to 48 K and the 16 K machine sells for £645.

BBC MICRO COMPUTER The computer adopted by the BBC to sell in conjunction with its forthcoming series is based on the Acorn Proton. The BBC has developed its own Basic to be used on the machine. Minimum memory is 16 K RAM, maximum being 32 K . Present plans for the machine are dual purpose, both business and games. Optional extras include joysticks, paddles, disc drives and a cassette for tape loading.

Price is put at E 235 for the 16 K computer and $£ 335$ for the 32 K version.

DAI This is a personal computer made by Data Applications for both business use and home entertainment. The U.K. system (it is made in Belgium) has 48K RAM as well as full colour and sound commands. Data Applications is based in Cirencester, Gloucestershire. The 48 K system now costs £595.
mictrotan 65 Tangerine Computer Systems produce this machine for games and personal use, like household accounts. It comes in kit form and is expandable from an initial 1 K memory up to 48 K RAM. The Microtan 65 costs $£ 79.35$ for the 1 K kit, or $£ 90.85$ assembled from the Ely based firm.

NASCOM There are two Nascoms available at the moment, both can be used for business and games. The Nascom 2 is the more powerful of the two with 8 K RAM and with a Basic interpreter.
It can be bought in kit form and off the shelf complete. The kit is $£ 125$ for 1 K RAM and $£ 140$ for the finished 1 K product. $£ 225$ will secure an 8 K kit. Nascoms are available from Warwick-based Lucas Logic.

NEWBRAIN This is a hand-held computer unit which is at the low end of the price bracket. For 2K RAM you pay £159 upwards and it is expandable to 20 K of memory. Hobbyists often opt for this machine because of its low cost and it is used for general business and for playing games. An expansion unit is available which supports floppy disc drives, a printer and a visual display unit. It is available from the Grundy Group.

OHIO SCIENTIFIC Ohio Scientific (OSI) makes the Superboard which is aimed at the hobbyist market. Its memory capacity starts at 4 K RAM and is expandable to 32 K if you buy the add-on board.
Other machines in this family include the Challenger 1 and 4 . These are essentially, cased versions of Superboard. The Challenger 4 is the cheapest of these at $£ 575$ and includes colour and sound options.

PET Made by Commodore Business Machines, the Pet ranges from 8K RAM to 32 K RAM. It is used mostly by small businesses for general applications but has a hefty hobbyist following. It is available from Commodore of Slough at a starting price of $£ 460$. Compatible peripherals are available for the Pet, including disc drives, cassettes for loading tapes and printers.

SHARP MZ-80K Popular with both business and home users, the Sharp's memory capacity starts at 16 K and has a top limit of 48K. It comes with a monitor and a cassette recorder built onto the keyboard unit. Disk drives are also available. Manchesterbased Sharp Electronics have a recommended retail price of E 460 for the 48 K unit.


## A/AILABLE IN THE UK

SHARP PC-1211 The smallest computer in the Sharp range. Sharp classifies it as a pocket computer and it is programmable in Basic. It also has a cassette interface for loading and costs upwards of E85.

SINCLAIR There are two types of Sinclair's microcomputer available for under $£ 100$. Sinclair really brought the microcomputer into the home. The machines are ideal for learning the rudiments of computing but are limiting graphically. The ZX80 has 1 K of memory and is expandable up to 8 K , but is no longer in production. The ZX81 sells for £49.95 for 1 K in kit form or $£ 69.95$ ready assembled. The 16K RAM packs costs £49.95.

SORCERER The Exidy Sorcerer is a home computer with a sizeable games following but it is one of the more expensive of the microcomputers, costing upwards of $£ 749$. Memory amount ranges from 48 K to 55 K and there is a plug-in ROM pack for extra capacity. Disc drives and visual display unit are an additional cost. Sorcerers can be obtained from a Cornish firm, Liveport of St Ives.

TANDY TRS-80 Tandy's TRS-80 Model 1 is a machine which is often used for games and is well-supplied with software for both entertainment and business applications. Its memory capacity goes from 4 K to 16 K but there is an expansion unit available upgrading it to 48 K if you want the extra memory. The Model 1 is the cheapest of the Tandy range.

The Model 1 costs $£ 459$ but comes complete with a monitor to use as a V.D.U. and a cassette. The Model III is an integral unit made up of a keyboard, $12^{\prime \prime}$ screen and two slots for $5 \frac{1}{4}$ " discs. It costs from $£ 499$.

TANDY TRS-80 COLOUR COMPUTER Tandy's latest addition to its range of computers is the Extended Basic Micro Colour Computer (or TRS-80 Colour Computer for short). It is available with either 16 or 32 K of memory and costs $£ 449$.

The actual computer unit consists of a keyboard which can be plugged into any television set. It is aimed at both business and games users and Tandy has bought out a variety of instant loading games program packages for the machine.

Joysticks needed to play some of the games are extra and cost $£ 17.95 \mathrm{a}$ pair. The colour computer can be obtained from Tandy stores nationwide.


T1-99/4A This computer has recently been re-launched by Texas Instruments. It consists of a separate keyboard with graphics facilities in full colour and now plugs in to a U.K. television. Software available for it from Texas Instruments is mostly business and educational but the firm has recently introduced a bundle of games to run on the computer. It has 16K RAM and uses tapes, discs or plug-in games cartridges. You can buy one of these from Bedford-based T.I. for $£ 299$ or from your local dealers.

VIC-20 The VIC is the much-publicised baby of the range of microcomputers from Commodore of Slough. At $£ 185$ it is one of the cheapest. Deliveries to dealers have just started. The VIC has full colour graphics on a colour T.V. and there are joysticks available. Although Commodore are plugging the business use of the machine it is tipped to be a hot games computer because of its colour graphics and low cost.

VIDEO GENIE The Genie is made by E.A.C.A. and is a popular games machine. It is compatible with the Tandy TRS-80 Model 1. With 16 K to 48 K RAM there are disc drives available. The basic unit costs from £369 and is available from Lowe Electronics of Matlock in Derbyshire.

GENIE 1 The replacement computer for the Video Genie is now available. The Genie 1 is an upgraded version of the Video Genie and has full upper and lower case, a machine language monitor, additional Basic, has a sound unit and is cassette based. It is being aimed at the serious hobbyist market and costs E229. A disc version is available, called the Genie II and sells for $£ 310$ for the unit, $£ 199$ for the expansion box needed, and $£ 225$ for each dise drive.
U.K. 101 This machine comes in either kit form or ready built with memory capacity of 4 K to 40 K (with an expansion board). It contains television and cassette interfaces so you don't need a V.D.U. The U.K. 101 is a popular computer for playing games and there is a lot of software around for it. The kit costs $£ 149$ for 4 K , ready built it sells for E199.

## ZX-81

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ADVENTURE A type of game in which the player has to take a character role and retrieve a number of treasures or objects by a trial and error process giving instructions to the computer. The "hero" (or player) encounters a variety of hazards often taking the form of dangerous monsters, wizards and animals. Some adventure games are so complex that they take weeks, or months, to solve.
ALGORITHM A process or set of rules to carry out a task or solve a mathematical problem.
ARRAY A series of items (data or information) arranged to form a meaningful pattern.
ARROW KEYS The keys on a computer keyboard marked with arrows. Used for moving the cursor across, or up and down the V.D.U. screen.
ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE A language built up with memory codes designed to make programming easier.
BUG A slang term given to a mistake in a computer program which prevents it from working. It can also refer to a mechanical, electrical or electronic defect in a computer.
BYTE A term to measure a number of Bits (Binary digiTS), usually eight bits to a byte.
CAPACITOR An electronic component.
CHARACTER STRING A sequence of characters in a row.
CHIP A tiny piece of silicon which holds all the components that make up a microprocessor.
COMMAND In writing programs this word refers to an instruction word which specifies an operation which the computer must perform.
COMPUTER LANGUAGE Languages are used to make the computer perform operations. They consist of instructions or commands. There are different types of language for carrying out different tasks.
CONVERSATIONAL SCROLLING Data displayed on the screen, involving step-by-step communication between the user and the computer.
DEDICATED CHIP A chip (microprocessor) which has been specially programmed to perform a single or special group of applications, e.g. computer games. ROMs are usually the means by which dedicated chips are developed.

DISC A magnetic storage device. It can be either a hard or floppy disc. Hard discs can usually store more information than floppy discs and are used with mainframe computers.
DISC DRIVE A unit which is connected to the computer, used for loading the information stored on discs into the computer.
DISC STORAGE The method of storing information on discs as opposed to cassettes.
EUROCARD A type of printed circuit board suited to circuits with a large number of chips.
FLOATING POINT This is a notation used for the calculation of numbers in which the arithmetic point, binary or decimal, is movable but not necessarily the same for each number.
FUNCTION A special purpose or characteristic action.
GRAPHICS The name given to pictorial representation of data.
HARDWARE The general term given to all pieces of electronic and-mechanical devices which make up a computer system, i.e. the actual machines.
HIGH RESOLUTION GRAPHICS A method of using Basic commands to move a drawing head to any position on the screen and drawing a line between two specified points. This facility is available on several makes of microcomputer. These graphics can be recreated in greater detail and to a higher đegree of accuracy.
INPUT Information (data) fed into a computer.
INTEGER A number which does not contain a decimal point, i.e. a whole number.
INTERACTIVE A word used to describe a system which is capable of real-time man-machine communications.
K Abbreviation for kilobyte.
KILOBYTE A measurement of memory capacity. 1024 bytes of memory. So 8K is equivalent to 8192 bytes.
LANGUAGE See "Computer Language".
L.C.D. (Liquid Crystal Display) A display containing liquid crystals which light up when electricity touches them. Used in calculators and watches. L.E.D. (Light Emmitting Diode) Provides a simple display and consists of an electron tube which lights up when electricity is passed through it. Used

as an alternative to liquid crystal.
LOAD Putting information from auxiliary storage into internal storage of a computer. It can be either a complete program or any data. When you load a program you put the contents of the program into the computer's memory from storage either on a disc or a cassette.
LOOP A Basic function referring to the repeated execution of a series of instructions for a fixed number of times.
MACHINE CODE The term used to refer to symbols or numbers assigned to parts of a machine.
MAINFRAME COMPUTER The jargon work used to describe a very large computer.
MEMORY A device which information - data - can be copied into, stored, and later obtained from.
MICROCOMPUTER A tiny computer (as the name suggests) consisting of hardware and software. The main processing blocks are made of semiconductor integrated circuits.
MINICOMPUTER This is a computer which offers memory ranging from 4 K to 64 K and are characterised by giving a higher performance than microcomputers or programmable calculators.
MONOCHROME COMPUTER DISPLAY A display screen used in a computer which shows a picture in one tone or black and white only.
NUMBER CRUNCHING The operation in computing which carries out the arithmetic and logical processes which information has to go through.
NUMERIC KEYPAD This is a section of the keyboard consisting of a small number of keys. They differ from alphanumeric keys because the numeral, decimal point, and enter keys transmit unique escape sequences.
OUTPUT Data which is emitted from a computer system, either on the screen or in printout form.
PEEK A statement used in Basic which allows you to read the contents of a specified memory address.
PERIPHERALS Equipment which is used with a computer, e.g. printers, V.D.U.s and disc drives.

POKE An instruction used in most versions of Basic allowing you to store integers in a specific place in memory. R.A.M. (Random Access Memory) This
is a memory chip which you can load programs and data to and from.
RANDOMISE A Basic command referring to the procedure for making numbers, data, or events occur at random.
RANDOM NUMBER A number selected at random from an ordered set of numbers.
REAL TIME This is on-the-spot computing when the operation is performed during the time an event is taking place in time to influence the result.
ROM (Read Only Memory) A memory chip which can only be read from and not written into.
ROUTING is the method of calling up on screen information in Prestel. On the back of each Prestel page is information in the form of lists of numbers which the computer searches to find the number of the page the user wants to move to next.
ROUTINE A set of coded computer instructions used for a particular function in a program.
SOFTWARE Another name for computer programs. It can also refer to computer documentation.
STATEMENT an instruction in a computer program.
STRING A connected sequence of characters, words or other elements usually symbolised with the dollar sign.
SYNTAX The name used to refer to sentence structure rules of programming language.
VALUE The numerical quantity of a data element, and is the number assigned to a variable.
VARIABLE A symbol whose numeric value can be changed at all times. It is used when writing programs.
V.D.U. (Visual Display Unit) A unit which is capable of showing data. They look like small televisions.


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